# **INARI**<sub>TM</sub>

# Data Evolution at Inari: Harnessing Delta Live Tables & Unity Catalog

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# Speakers



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# We are the SEEDesign™ company.

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We make seeds that address the world's needs, pushing the boundaries of what is possible for a more sustainable, naturepositive food system.

A combination of Al-powered predictive design and a pioneered multiplex gene editing toolbox is enabling us to unlock the full potential of seed.

Our step-change products lead to more productive acres and a more sustainable future benefiting the population, the planet and the people who grow our food.

# Cutting-Edge Technology Platform



**FOUNDING 2016** (by Flagship Pioneering)

EQUITY CAPITAL RAISED \$575+ million to date

#### **EMPLOYEES**

>300 FTEs, with backgrounds across plant & human biology, physics, crop & data science, software, etc.

#### PATENTS

>125 patents filed and ~2,400 patented traits filed

#### LOCATIONS

- Cambridge, Massachusetts Headquarters & Science
- West Lafayette, Indiana Product & Commercial
- Ghent, Belgium Research & Development





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### Introduction

#### WHAT TO EXPECT

#### What is our talk about?

- How the Data Engineering team at Inari
   onboarded their first project onto Databricks
- How we developed a strategy that would guide future data engineering projects at Inari, using Unity Catalog and Delta Live Tables.

#### Who is it for?

- Data Engineering
- Data Management
- Data Governance

# Early Data Landscape (2022-23)



### 



- Major LIMS migration project in mid-2023 gave us the opportunity to design a Databricks-centric solution.
- Existing data views were created with complex queries (~5 hours execution time) running as CRON jobs within SQL databases attached to the existing LIMS software.
- These data views were critical to key decisions made in our entire product pipeline.

#### **SPECS & REQUIREMENTS**

Source data:

 25+ tables, between 10-50 columns in each table, between 500k – 20M records each and always growing

Expected outcome:

- 15 tables, each being a product of joining and transforming several source tables and meant to answer specific operational or scientific questions.
- o Must follow FAIR data principles
- o Centralized governance and sharing
- Ensure data quality and freshness

# Unity Catalog Approach



- Unified governance and management solution for all data assets
- Allows sharing, governing, and managing data across all workspaces and external applications using SQL warehouses and service principals.
- Auditing and lineage capabilities
- Enables FAIR data.
- Became clear that features & improvements to Databricks would be built around Unity Catalog

# Unity Catalog

#### **MEDALLION ARCHITECTURE**

#### Bronze

- Raw data ingested from a system of record.
- Pulled incrementally stored as delta tables/materialized views
- Can use DLT autoloader where applicable

#### Silver

- Enriched datasets
- Data from a single source joined, pivoted, or aggregated to create materialized views.
- Used for reporting, decision making.

#### Gold

- One schema for each data product, which would consist of several tables made up of curated datasets
- Data from multiple bronze/silver data sources joined together to create materialized views.
- Used for reporting, analytics, and decision making.



#### **MANAGEMENT & SHARING**

- Each data team at Inari operates in a different workspace and has groups associated with them
- Enabled data sharing at any level of granularity across multiple workspaces and groups.
- Service principals for access to external systems where applicable.
- Highly scalable SQL warehouses to query the data in any way possible



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CHALLENGES WE FACED

- Not all clusters defined within other workspaces were UC enabled
- Single user compute clusters cannot access materialized views and streaming tables created by DLT
- R is not supported in shared access mode
- Enforcing granular access control and governance on BI/dashboarding tools where service principals were used

# Delta Live Tables Approach



# Why Delta Live Tables?

#### Requirements

- Three month deadline
- 25 data source tables
- 15 aggregated data product tables

#### Considerations

- Small team
- New data models
- Company's first Data Engineering project in Databricks
- Strict deadline

# Why Delta Live Tables?

#### **REDUCED COMPLEXITY FOR DEVELOPERS**

#### All you need are DataFrames

- Given deadline, focus was entirely on learning new models and building out tables
- Everything in DLT is a Spark
   DataFrame
- Only concerns are data ingestion and transformation

#### No manual orchestration

- DLT handles dependencies between views and tables for you
- Creates a DAG for data loading
- Also allows for concurrent loading of data between nondependent tables

#### No manual maintenance

- DLT manages maintenance of tables behind the scenes
- Tables are auto-vacuumed and optimized as part of the process
- No additional work required by developers to maintain tables

# Handling Complexity

#### CODE BREAKDOWN

#### Common

- Views of the data that were shared across multiple data sources
- Created once, used many times
- After initial deployment candidates for temporary table creation for improved performance

#### Intermediate

- Views of the data specific to enriched outputs
- Could draw on common views or direct from staging tables
- Where most of the business
   logic lives

#### Enriched

- Final output tables
- Left joins on our intermediate views on primary key
- Little additional processing beyond the intermediate views

# Handling Complexity

#### SO MANY VIEWS!

- Over 100 views feeding our materialized views
- Lineage tracked in Unity Catalog
- Creation of these views within the pipeline completely managed by DLT



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# Programmatic Views

#### DRY DATAFRAME CREATION

- DLT allows for creating views programmatically
- Define a function that creates different views based on passed arguments
- Reduces code re-use, likelihood of errors



# Programmatic Views

- Internal data lineage managed within a single table
- Over 20 parent to child sample relationships
- Need views for many of these relationships for our outputs
- Creating a new view adding a tuple to a list

def create\_lineage\_view(parent\_sampletype: str, child\_sampletype: str):
 parent = parent\_sampletype.lower().replace(" ", "\_")
 child = child\_sampletype.lower().replace(" ", "\_")

```
name = f"{parent}_to_{child}"
```

```
parent_id = f"{parent}_sampleid"
child_id = f"{child}_sampleid"
```

```
@dlt.view(name=name)
def t():
    df = (
        dlt.read("all_lineage")
        .filter(F.col("parent_sampletype") == parent_sampletype)
        .filter(F.col("child_sampletype") == child_sampletype)
        .withColumnRenamed("sampleid", parent_id)
        .withColumnRenamed("childsampleid", child_id)
```

return df

```
def create_lineage_views():
    """Creates DLT views for all lineages in SAMPLE_LINEAGES."""
    for sl in SAMPLE_LINEAGES:
        create_lineage_view(sl[0], sl[1])
```

# Testing Transformation Logic

#### MAKING SURE THE DATA IS RIGHT

- One of our use cases grouping many rows into a single JSON string
- Keys and values for JSON
   needed transformation
- Deduping to take latest
- Extracting transformation code to functions allows for local testing (pytest, unittest)

• Can't test this locally

#### @dlt.view()

def plant\_samples\_jsonplant(): df = dlt.read("plant\_plantsamples\_dna\_view") df = create\_jsonplant\_column(df, "sampleid") return df

• Can test this!

def create\_jsonplant\_column(
 df: DataFrame,
 groupbycol: str
) -> DataFrame:

# Developer Experience Improvements



# Typing Stubs

#### **GETTING AUTO-COMPLETE IN YOUR IDE!**

- As of January 2024, Databricks provides a PyPi package databricks-dlt
- Use this package!
- Prior to this, could not get code hints, code completion, etc from IDE without own typing stub

typings	> 🅏 dlt.pyi >
1	<pre>from pyspark.sql import DataFrame</pre>
2	<pre>from pyspark.sql.types import StructType</pre>
3	
4	from typing import Union
5	
6	def read(tbl_name: str) -> DataFrame:
7	def table(
8	name: str,
9	comment: str,
10	<pre>spark_conf: dict,</pre>
11	<pre>table_properties: dict,</pre>
12	path: str,
13	<pre>partition_cols: list,</pre>
14	<pre>schema: Union[str, StructType],</pre>
15	temporary: bool,
16	) -> None:
17	<pre>def view(name: str, comment: str) -&gt; None:</pre>

#### 

## **Development on Clusters**

#### FAKING DLT FUNCTIONALITY... AT YOUR OWN RISK

```
class FauxDLT:
   def __init__(self, catalog="staging", schema="lims"):
        spark.sql(f"USE CATALOG {catalog}")
        spark.sql(f"USE SCHEMA {schema}")
   def read(self, name):
        return spark.read.table(name)
    def view(self, name=None, comment=None):
        def wrapper(func):
           @functools.wraps(func)
            def create_view(*args, **kwargs):
                df = func(*args, **kwargs)
                if name is not None:
                    temp_name = name
                else:
                    temp_name = func.___name___
                df.createOrReplaceTempView(f"{temp_name}")
                return df
            return create_view
        return wrapper
```

- Cannot run DLT on an All-Purpose cluster, requires running pipeline
- This can slow down development
- Can mimic functionality with a faux DLT class
- This is only for ad-hoc development!

### 

# VSCode Tasks and Databricks CLI

#### HOW TO RUN YOUR DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE IN TWO COMMANDS

- Process to update
   Databricks Repo and rerun pipeline via GUI can be tedious
- Same commands exist in Databricks CLI
- Use the Databricks CLI and VSCode tasks to make it smoother!

```
"version": "2.0.0",
"tasks": [
   "label": "Update my DBX Repo",
   "type": "shell",
   "command": "databricks repos update /Repos/jlong@inari.com/lims-delta-pipeline --branch $(git rev-parse --abbrev-ref HEAD)",
    "group": "build",
    "presentation": {
     "reveal": "never",
     "panel": "shared"
   "label": "Run my DLT pipeline",
   "type": "shell",
   "command": "databricks pipelines start-update 01234567-89ab-cdef-0123-456789abcdef -p dev",
   "group": "build",
   "presentation": {
     "reveal": "never",
     "panel": "dedicated"
```





### Success!

#### Successful project completion

• Able to complete the project in the 3-month timeframe without any interruption to our product pipeline

#### Strong foundations and better performance

- Greatly improved processing times backed by Apache Spark means fresh data available for making decisions
- Ability to answer greater breadth of research & development questions through ingesting different data products into Unity

#### FAIR data

- Simplified, yet governed data sharing
- Ability to join and query across data products seamlessly

#### **Improved Development Practices**

- Code readability greatly increased
- Testing for complex aggregations
- Simple and efficient deployment process

### Current Data Landscape



### 

# What the future holds...





- Unity Catalog helped us break down data siloes and connect data between data products which was not easy to do
- Unity Catalog puts us on a path of unified governance, allows us to track lineage, and monitor data quality
- Delta Live Tables works seamlessly with Unity Catalog and allows making changes rapidly and deploy into production
- Data processing times are down to a handful of minutes without any significant optimization efforts, compared to several hours previously
- This approach has allowed us to reuse code, configuration, and CI/CD
- Cluster start times remain a bottleneck, and we are exploring serverless or cluster pooling

# Thank You

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