

# UNITY CATALOG MIGRATION IN EUROPE'S TOP SUPERMARKET CHAIN

Enrique Catalá | Karthik Subbarao June 2024



# Agenda

- Introducing Lidl loyalty program
- Motivation to migrate
- The journey towards Unity Catalog
- Outcome of the Migration
- UC Migration @ Enterprise Scale

# Enrique Catalá Bañuls

Schwarz Global Services Barcelona

- Data Architect at SCRM LidI International Hub
- □ 20+ years in the industry
- 10-year tenure as Microsoft Data Platform MVP
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# Karthikeya Sampa Subbarao

### **Databricks EMEA**

- □ Specialist Solutions Architect @ Databricks
- Experienced Software Engineer & Architect
- 10+ years in the Tech industry
- Data Architecture, Security & Governance SME



# INTRODUCING LIDL LOYALTY PROGRAM



# Schwarz Group

### worldwide







# Retail divisions comparison

### Revenue rankings in fiscal year 2022

### **Top 5 worldwide**

Rank	Company	Gross sales in billion EUR
1	Walmart	557.9
2	Amazon	240.5
3	Costco	221.7
4	Lidl and Kaufland	d 164.4
5	Kroger	141.7

### **Top 5 European-wide**

Rank	Company	Gross sales in billion EUR
1	Lidl and Kaufland	d 161.2
2	Aldi	80.4
3	Amazon	66.2
4	Carrefour	60.1
5	Edeka	59.7

Source: Edge by Ascential; as of June 2023



# Schwarz Group

### Retail group as pioneer and pacemaker

Over

575,000

employees world-wide of these, 204,000 are in Germany

Round

6.8 billion

store customer
at Lidl and Kaufland

Represented in 32 countries, Lidl and Kaufland together have round



13,700

stores

The companies of Schwarz Group achieved more than



154.1 billion euros

sales\* in fiscal year 2022

\*Net sales in fiscal year 2022 (includes all sales under commercial law incl. other revenues)

# Lidl





## SCRM Lidl International Hub

Generate competitive advantages in a challenging market environment





# Lidl Plus Today

12.000+



**Stores** 

31



**Countries** 

1T+

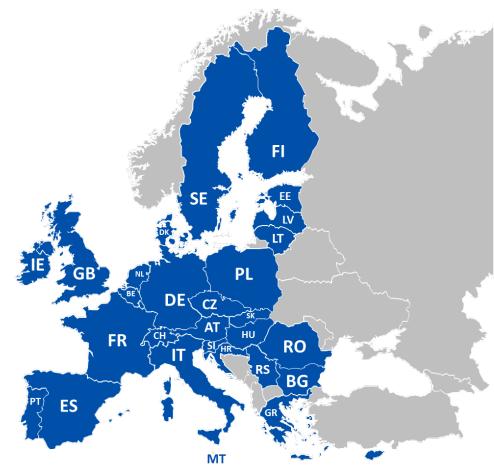


**Daily Lidl Plus Events** 

Pb

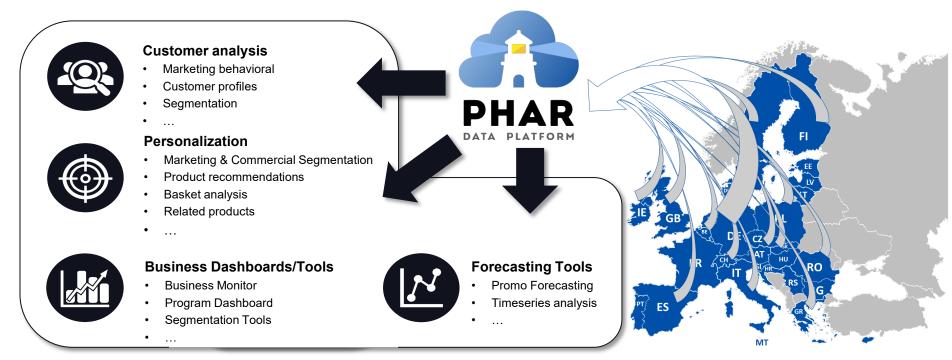


**Petabyte scale** 



# Lidl Plus Today

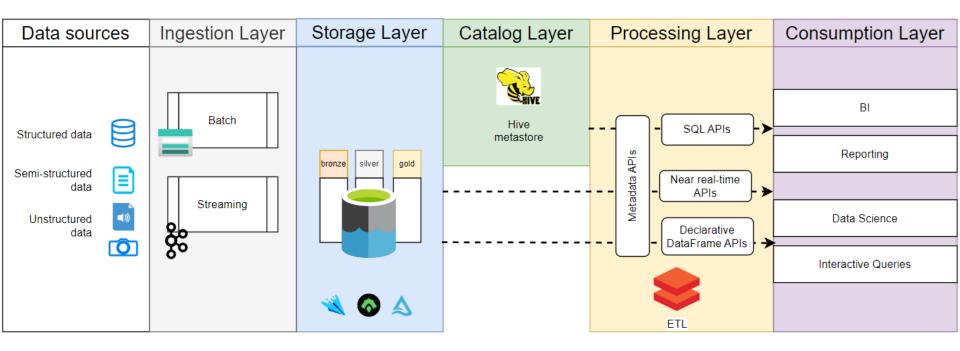
### Phar data platform



## Phar architecture

# PHAR DIALEGEM

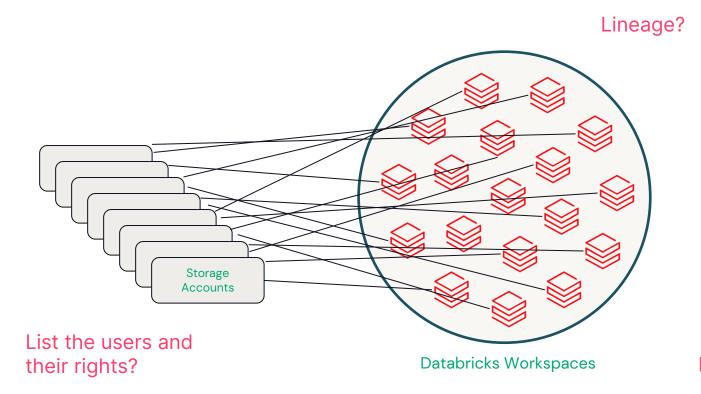
### How it started



# MOTIVATION TO MIGRATE



# Governance Challenges Pre-UC

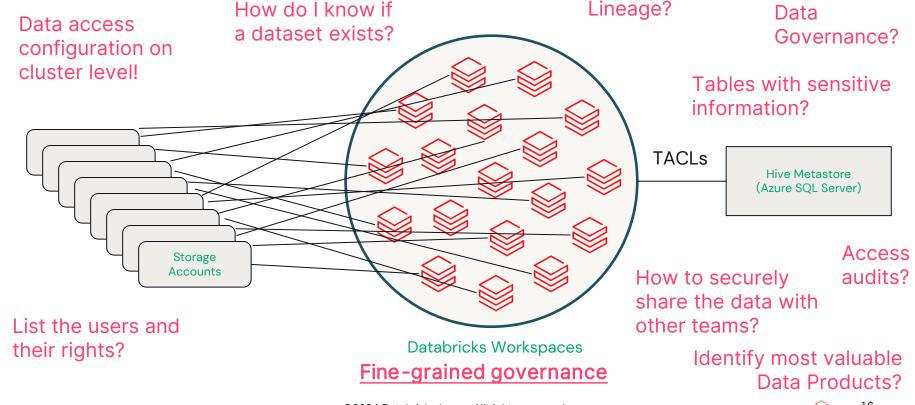


Tables with sensitive information?

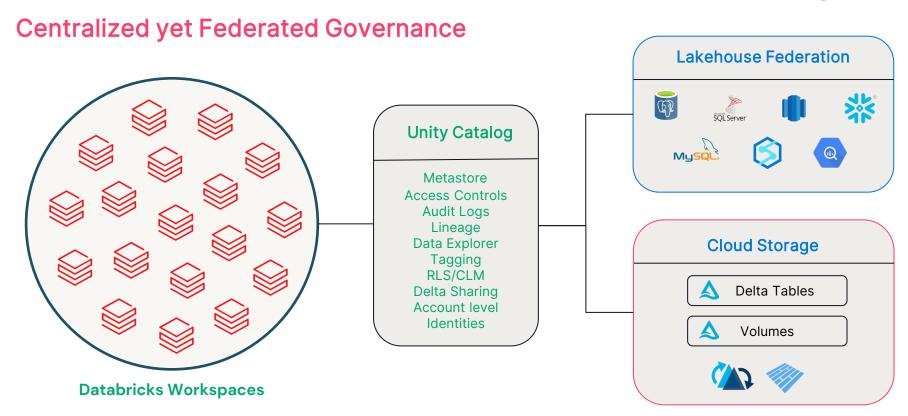
Identify most valuable **Data Products?** 

15

# Governance Challenges Pre-UC



# Simplified Governance with Unity Catalog



UNITY CATALOG IS NOT JUST A CATALOG BUT IS AN EVOLUTION OF DATABRICKS

# THE JOURNEY TOWARDS UNITY CATALOG

# UC Upgrade Approach

### Supported by Databricks























### **Assessment**

- Analyze the existing Databricks setup and document
- A rough estimation of the upgrade effort

### Feasibility Testing

- Identify potential issues and edge cases
- Find and document mitigation strategies

## Designing and Scripting

- Design the target architecture and document it in detail
- Develop/Update scripts including automation scripts, ETL pipelines, etc.

## Migrate Upstream Tables and Workloads

 Migrate Bronze and Silver tables to UC (keep them up to date) but retain the HMS tables until all the dependent downstream systems are upgraded to UC

# Migrate Downstream Systems

• Gradual migration of gold tables, Dashboards, etc.

### **Decommission**

 Decommission HMS, non-UC workloads, clusters, etc.



# UC Upgrade Process

Global setup (Org level) For each team \$ Upgrade tables **Architecture** Setup the Setup the Code changes Enable the Accounts and workloads Console setup design Metastore Catalogs Workspace(s) Develop/Update Create Storage Activate the Design the Optionally setup Add the Upgrade tables to orchestration Account Console Catalog structure the Metastore Credentials and workspace to UC ·uc scripts and libs Provision Identities Design the Data storage account External Metastore Upgrade clusters Develop/Update Access Controls Locations Assign users and Upgrade at the Account and access infrastructure Create Catalogs groups to the workloads Level connector automation scripts and Schemas Create the workspace Metastore Setup the

default Data
Access Controls



Maintenance windows

# UC Design Decisions

### The decisions were focused on easier migration

One catalog per environment i.e., phar\_dev, phar\_stg, & phar\_prd

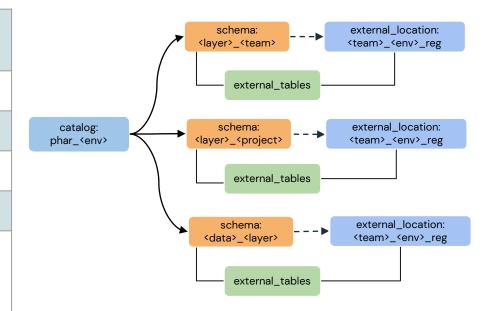
Use only External Tables

Managed location at the Schema level

One access connector per storage account

Data Platform team will own all the catalogs

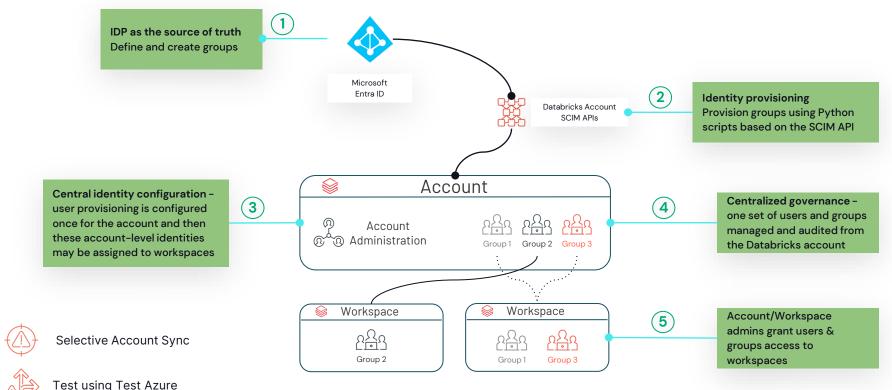
The SP that creates the Catalog is set as its owner and the 'USE CATALOG' privilege is assigned to 'account users'



# Identity Upgrade

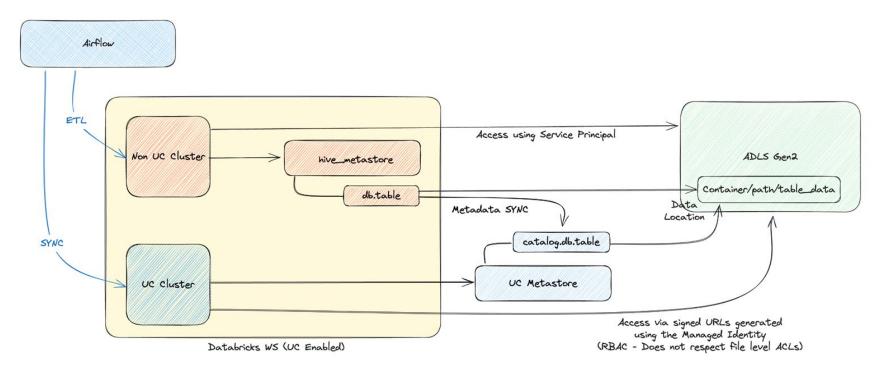
Tenant / Databricks Account

### Upgrading the identities to account level



# Table & ETL Pipeline Upgrade

### Data accessible via HMS as well as UC



# UC Migration Challenges

### Migrating to UC is not without challenges



### Identity and Access Management

Identity Provisioning

Script based solution

Admin Roles

Temporary Elevation of Privileges

Migrating ACLs to UC Permissions

UC Permissions on Groups

Single Metastore per Cloud Region

Federated governance (Catalog level)



### **Data and Transformation**

Data Volume in PB Scale

UC External Tables & SYNC

Incompatible Table Formats

Converted to Delta

Terraform Issues

Modular approach

Managed VS External Tables

Managed Location (Schema level)



### **Feature Deprecation**

DBFS

UC Volumes

Credentials Passthrough

UC Permissions on Groups

**DBR Versions** 

Fixed version during migration



# MOVING TO UNITY CATALOG CAN BE A GRADUAL PROCESS



# THE OUTCOME OF UC MIGRATION



# Phar architecture

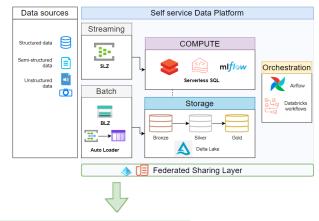
### How is it going

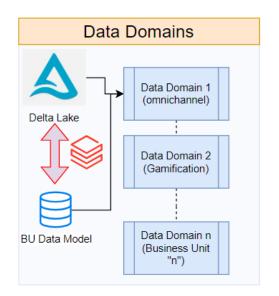


Data sources	Ingestion Layer	Lakehous	e storage	Processing Layer	Consumption Layer
		Storage Layer	Catalog Layer		
Structured data  Semi-structured data  Unstructured data	Batch	bronze silver gold	Metadata, security model, lineage, auditing, access control  Unity Catalog	SQL APIs  SQL APIs  Near real-time APIs  Declarative DataFrame APIs	Data Science
		<b>4</b> A 0	sharing, governance, marketplace,	ETL	

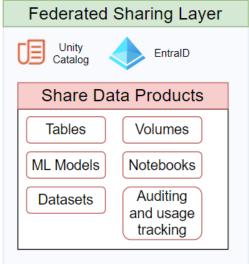
# Use cases unlocked by UC

Federated sharing layer



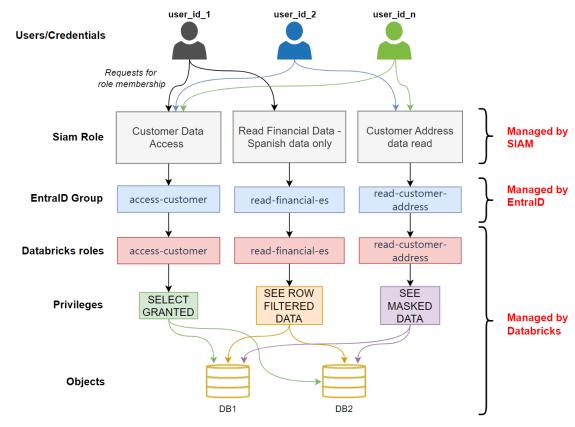






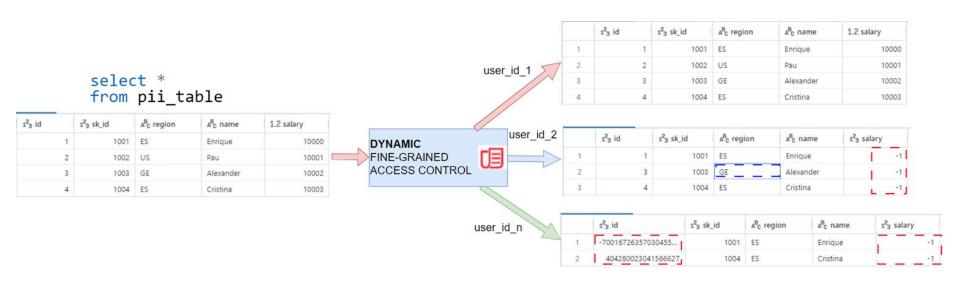
# Use case: Sensitive Data management

### Zero trust access management



# Use case: Sensitive Data management

Fine-grained access control



# Use case: Sensitive Data management

### Federated governance model





- Fine-grained access control
- Zero trust model
- Data access democratization



### Integration & Compliance

- Microsoft EntralD integration
- Multi-Cloud Management tool
- Security Protocols
  - Time-bound approvals
  - Auditing
  - ...



# Additional benefits of moving to UC

### Migrating to UC tends to reduce the technical debt





### Reduction in Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)

- Reduction in operations overhead (~85%)
- Observability over the Data Product usage
- Ability to use Serverless further reduced the TCO
- Noticed up to 50% cost reduction in some edge scenarios

### Improvements in Architecture

- Reduced number of workspaces
- Performance improvements w.r.t. Metastore access
- Improved dependence management using Volumes
- Reduction in number of zombie tables and files

# UC MIGRATION @ ENTERPRISE SCALE



# Unity Catalog Migration Readiness

### Unity Catalog Migration requires change management

### Assessment

- Do the assessment of the current Databricks setup (Now you can leverage UCX)
- Document current setup (# of workspaces, tables etc)
- Identify and prioritize the use cases to migrate

### **Team Planning**

- Dedicate a team for the UC Migration project
- Plan and coordinate with Databricks (Account Team, SSA, Professional Services)
- Work with partners to scale the efforts (if needed)

### **Internal Alignment**

- Align with other business units and agree upon the account level configurations (Account Admin role, Metastore selection, SCIM Integration strategy)
- Agree upon the ownership of common assets
- Align with the infrastructure/cloud teams

### **Timelines**

- Discuss and decide on the upgrade timelines
- Remember: UC migration can be a gradual process!
- Agree upon when and how to communicate the upgrade timelines with the respective stakeholders



# THANK YOU

