

DATA+AI SUMMIT

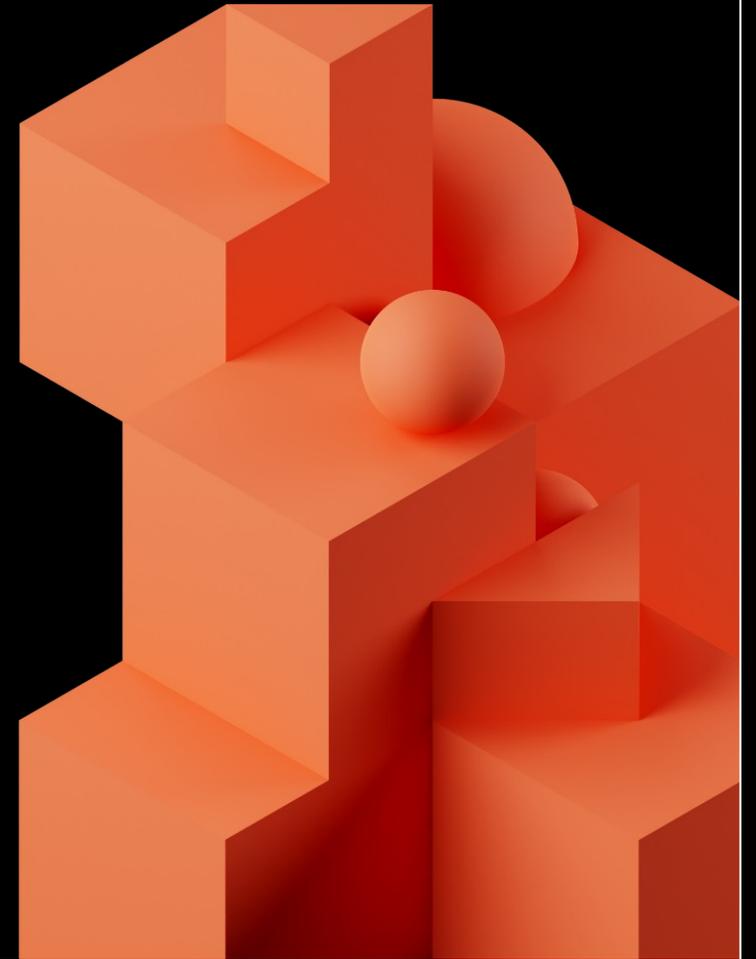
BY  databricks

Advancements in Open Source LLM Tooling

Ben Wilson

Corey Zumar

Databricks
2023



Outline

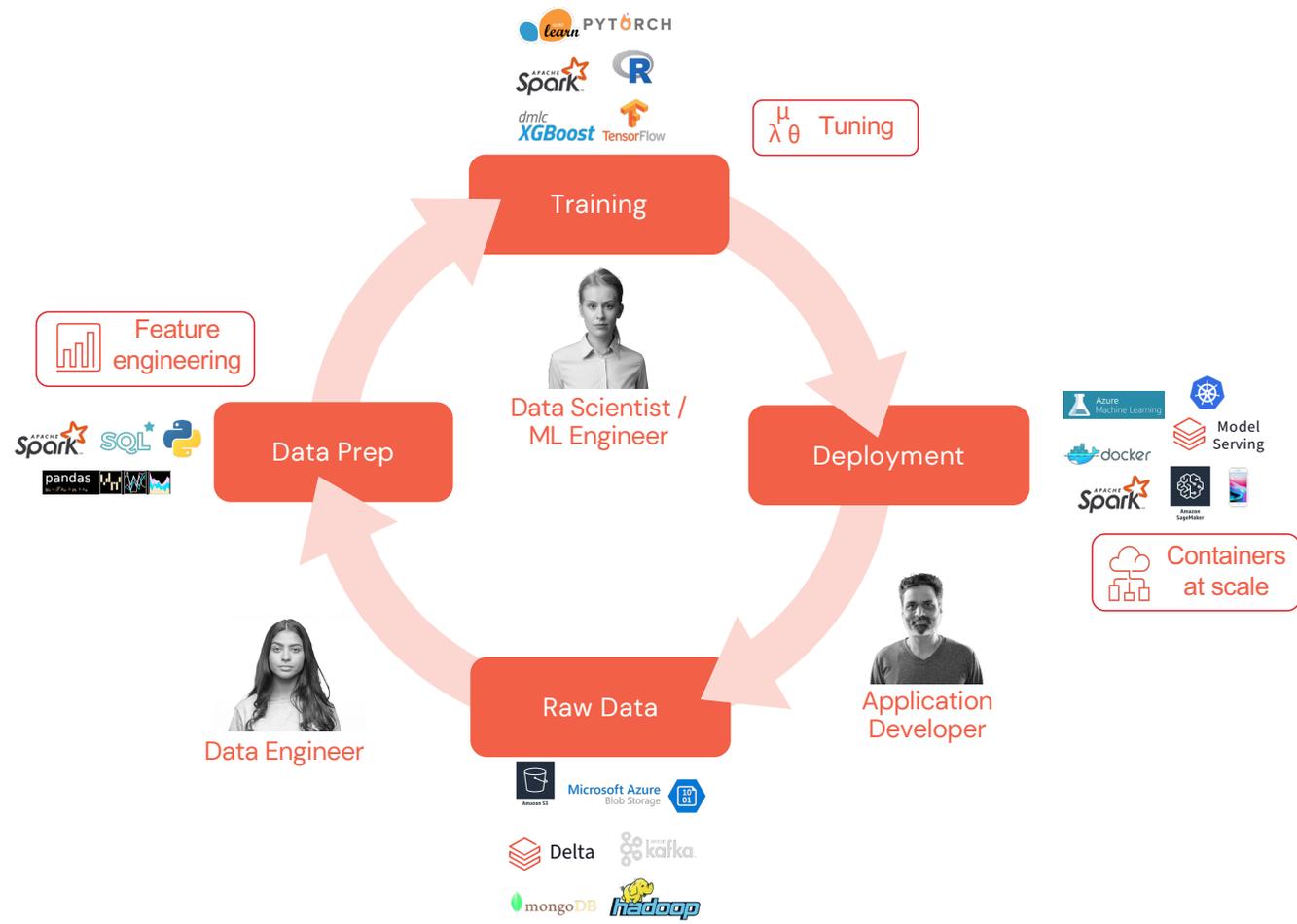
- Overview: LLMs and the ML lifecycle
- Data Prep, Training, and Deployment with LLMs
 - Changes, challenges
 - Open source tools, including MLflow
 - Demos
- Getting started with open source tools for LLMs



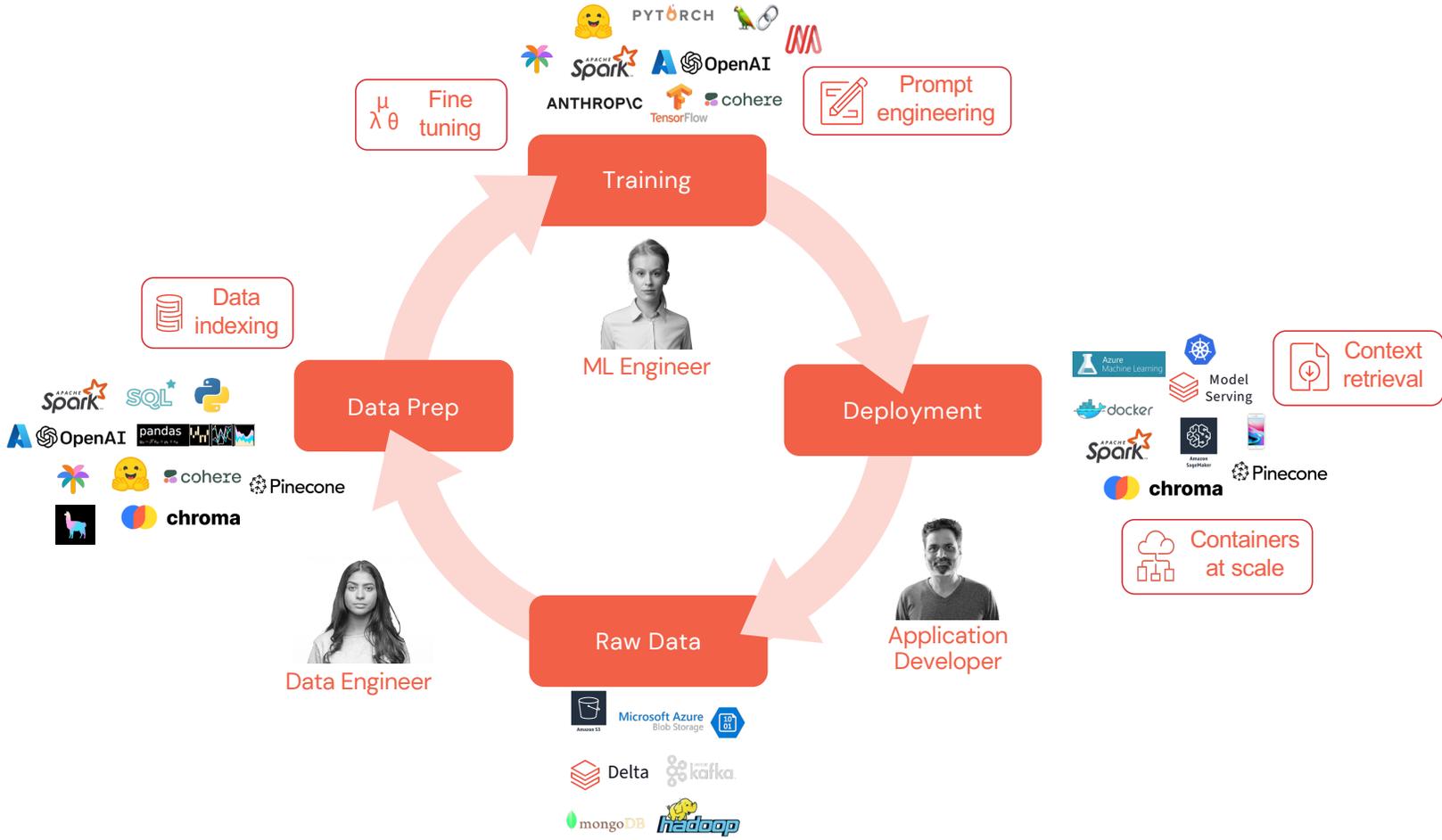
LLMs have transformed the
machine learning lifecycle



The machine learning lifecycle



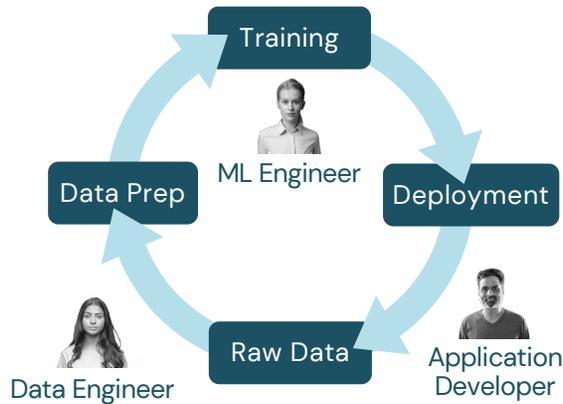
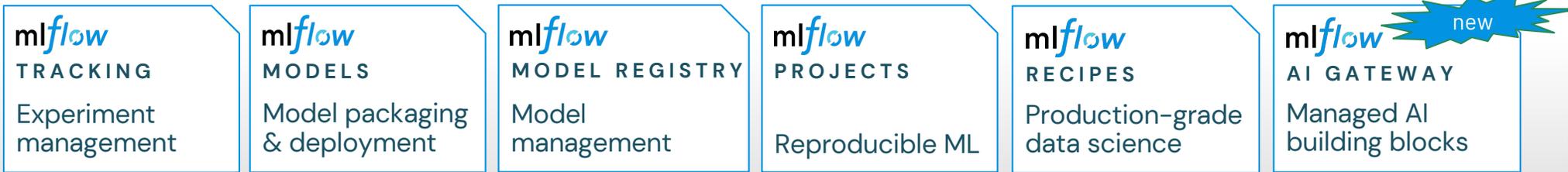
The LLMOps lifecycle



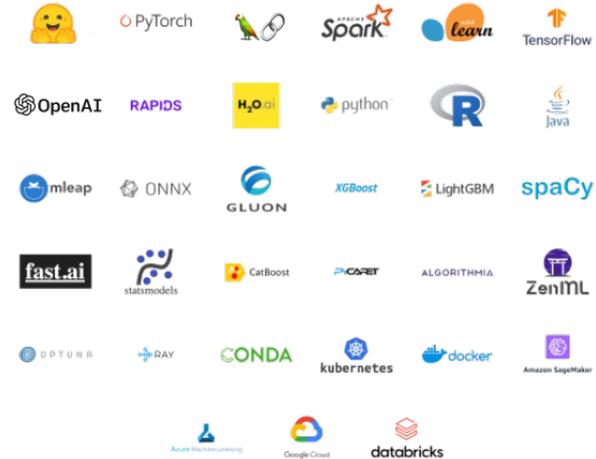
MLflow standardizes LLM Ops



mlflow: An Open Source ML Platform



Any Language & ML Library



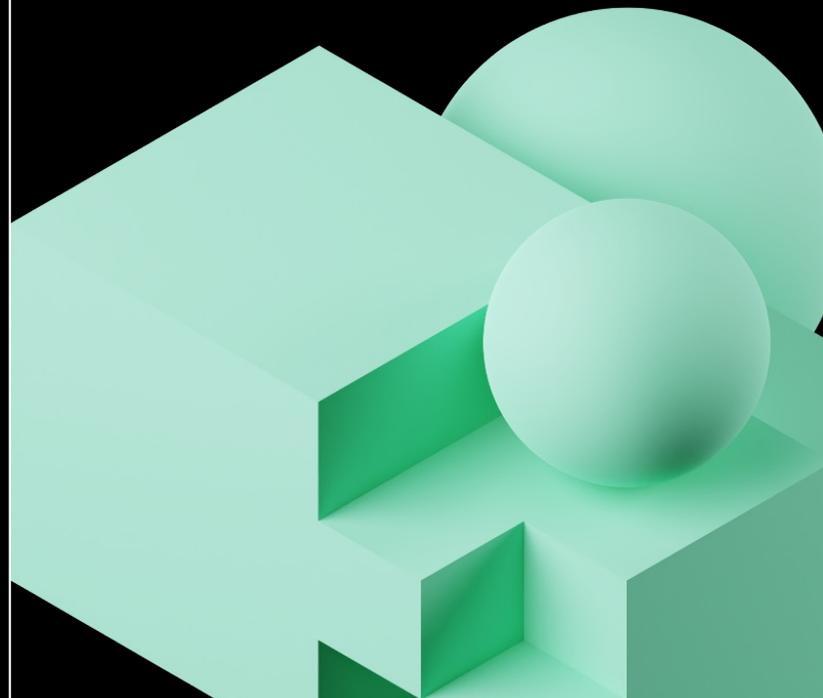
550+
contributors

2000+
organizations

11 million
monthly downloads



LLM Data Prep



Data characteristics

- Typically unstructured
- Large domain of inputs
- Context is important
- Multiple “right” answers
- Lack of labels



Data characteristics

- **Typically unstructured**
- Large domain of inputs
- Context is important
- Multiple “right” answers
- Lack of labels

Example – Question answering

“How do I use Apache Spark to compute the mean value of a DataFrame column?”

“To compute the mean value of a DataFrame column in Apache Spark, invoke the `select()` and `mean()` APIs as follows...”



Data characteristics

- Typically unstructured
- **Large domain of inputs**
- Context is important
- Multiple “right” answers
- Lack of labels

Example – Question answering

“How do I use Apache Spark to compute the mean value of a DataFrame column?”

“How do I run TensorFlow on Spark?”

“Can you provide more information about the following exception?”

...



LLM Data Prep

- Typically unstructured
- Large domain of inputs
- **Context is important**
- Multiple “right” answers
- Lack of labels

Example – Question answering

“Why did the driver stop suddenly?”

“There are many reason that a person driving an automobile might stop suddenly...”



LLM Data Prep

- Typically unstructured
- Large domain of inputs
- Context is important
- **Multiple “right” answers**
- **Lack of labels**

Example – Text summarization

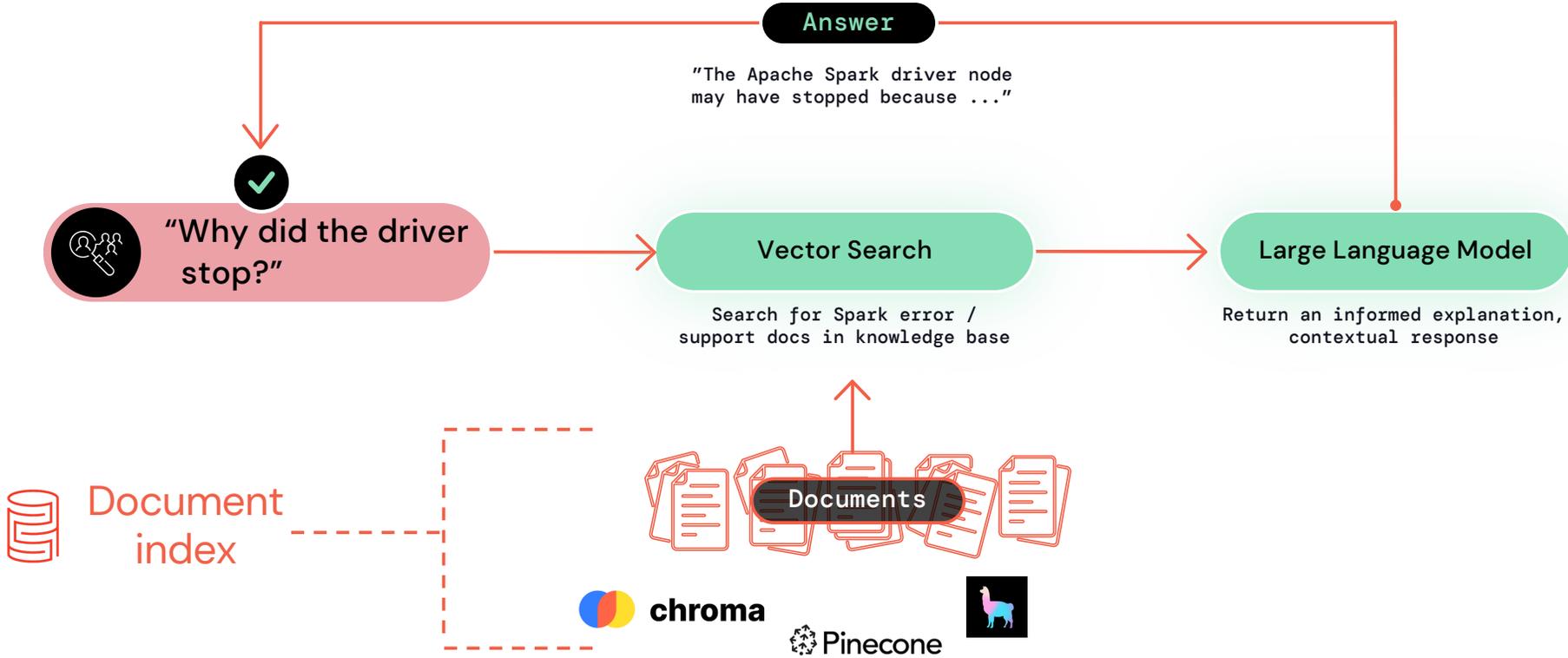
“Summarize the following customer support ticket: ...”

“The customer experienced an error when...”

“An error occurred when the customer...”



Technique: Retrieval-augmented generation



Building a document index



```
from llama_index import VectorStoreIndex, SimpleDirectoryReader

documents = SimpleDirectoryReader('data').load_data()
index = VectorStoreIndex.from_documents(documents)
```

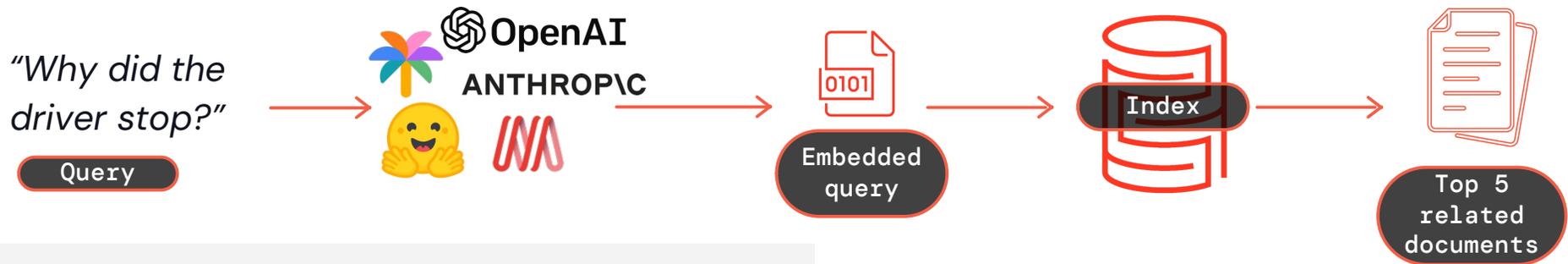


```
from langchain.vectorstores import ChromaDB
from langchain.embeddings import OpenAIEmbeddings

embeddings = OpenAIEmbeddings()
vectordb = Chroma.from_documents(texts, embeddings)
```



Querying a document index



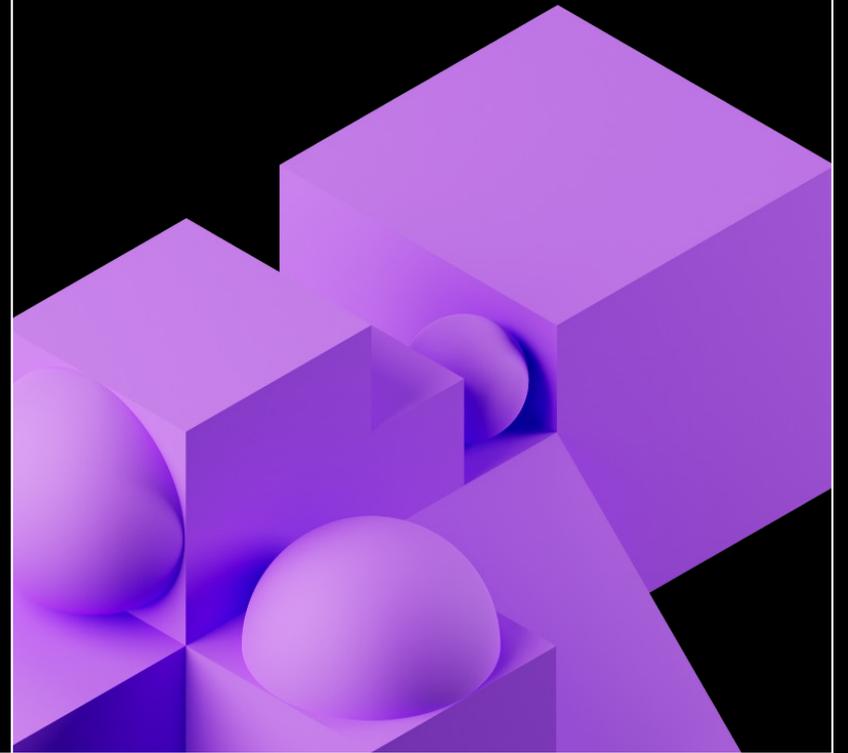
```
query_engine = index.as_query_engine()  
query_engine.query("Why did the driver stop?")
```



```
from langchain.chains import RetrievalQA  
from langchain.llms import OpenAI  
  
qa = RetrievalQA.from_chain_type(  
    llm=OpenAI(),  
    retriever=vectordb.as_retriever(),  
)  
  
qa.run("Why did the driver stop?")
```



LLM Training



LLM Training

- Less data intensive
- Inference logic changes a lot
 - LLMs weights change less
- Shorter iteration cycles
- Greater emphasis on evaluation
 - Human-in-the-loop



LLM Training

- **Less data intensive**
- Inference logic changes a lot
 - LLMs weights change less
- Shorter iteration cycles
- Greater emphasis on evaluation
 - Human-in-the-loop

Fine tuning with specialized data

Significant performance improvements with relatively low data volume

Prompt engineering

No additional training data



LLM Training

- Less data intensive
- **Inference logic changes a lot**
 - **LLMs weights change less**
- **Shorter iteration cycles**
- Greater emphasis on evaluation
 - Human-in-the-loop

Fine tuning

Small subset of parameters (weights) are altered – Low Rank Adaptation

Prompt engineering

Change instructions, template variables, retrieved context, temperature, max tokens, etc.



LLM Training

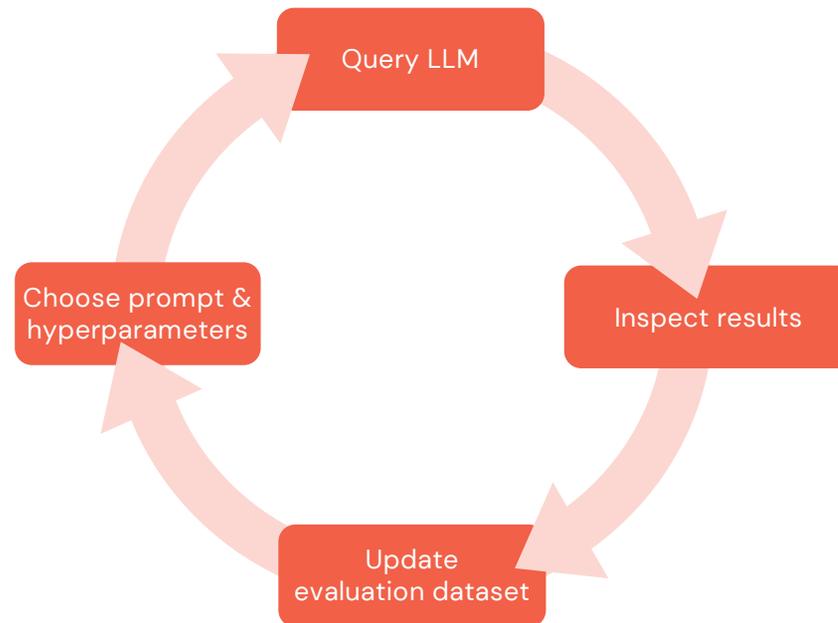
- Less data intensive
 - Inference logic changes a lot
 - LLMs weights change less
 - Shorter iteration cycles
 - **Greater emphasis on evaluation**
 - **Human-in-the-loop**
- Collect inputs & outputs, compare across configurations
 - Compute per-sample and aggregate metrics
 - Offline labeling & feedback



Technique: Prompt engineering



Data Scientist / ML Engineer



Technique: Prompt engineering

Example: Question answering. Goal: Optimize accuracy

Prompt Template 1

Answer the following
Question about Apache
Spark that appears
between triple
backticks:

```

{question}

```



Prompt Template 2

Answer the following
question about Apache
Spark that appears
between triple
Backticks. Be concise.

```

{question}

```



Prompt Template 3

Answer the following
question about Apache
Spark that appears
between triple
Backticks. Be concise.
Include references to the
Spark documentation to
support your answer.

```

{question}

```



Technique: Prompt engineering

Example: Question answering. Goal: Minimize cost, maintain accuracy

Prompt Template 3

```
Answer the following
question about Apache
Spark that appears
between triple
Backticks. Be concise.
Include references to the
Spark documentation to
support your answer.
```

```
...
```

```
{question}
```

```
...
```

 OpenAI vs. ANTHROPIC

Prompt Template 3

```
Answer the following
question about Apache
Spark that appears
between triple
Backticks. Be concise.
Include references to the
Spark documentation to
support your answer.
```

```
...
```

```
{question}
```

```
...
```

ANTHROPIC vs.  MPT-30B

Prompt Template 3

```
Answer the following
question about Apache
Spark that appears
between triple
Backticks. Be concise.
Include references to the
Spark documentation to
support your answer.
```

```
...
```

```
{question}
```

```
...
```

 MPT-30B vs.  MPT-7B



Prompt engineering with LangChain

```
from langchain import PromptTemplate, OpenAI, LLMChain

template = """Answer the following question about Apache Spark that appears
between triple backticks. Be concise. Include references to the Spark documentation
to support your answer:

```{question}```"""

prompt = PromptTemplate(template=template, input_variables=["question"])

llm_chain = LLMChain(
 prompt=prompt,
 llm=OpenAI(
 model_name="gpt-3.5-turbo",
),
)

answer = llm_chain(question="What is Spark Connect?")
```



# MLflow prompt engineering UI



New run

mpt7b

gpt

mpt30b

mpt7b

Context:  
{{context}}

### Response:

Temperature 0.2

Max Output Tokens 200

question

What is spark connect?

context

## Development Topics

### Guidelines for new clients

Evaluate

Output

Spark Connect is a logical plan facade for the implementation in Spark. Spark Connect is directly integrated into the build of Spark.

The documentation linked here is specifically for developers of Spark Connect and not directly intended to be end-user documentation.

### Guidelines for new connectors

### Response:

Spark Connect is a logical plan facade for the implementation in Spark. Spark Connect is directly integrated into the build of Spark.

The documentation linked here is specifically for developers of Spark Connect and not directly intended to be end-user documentation.

Cancel Log run

Choose an LLM

Define a prompt template

Configure hyperparameters

Try a query by filling in the prompt template

Test a query

View the query result

Log the model to MLflow



# Model evaluation with LLMs

new

```
import mlflow

Evaluate a news summarization model on a test dataset
summary_test_data = mlflow.data.load_delta("ml.cnn_dailymail.test")

evaluation_results = mlflow.evaluate(
 "models:/news_summarization@latest",
 data=summary_test_data,
 model_type="text-summarization",
 targets="highlights"
)

Summarization metrics are automatically computed
assert "rougel" in evaluation_results.metrics
assert "perplexity" in evaluation_results.metrics

Inputs and outputs are captured as a table for further analysis
assert "eval_results_table" in evaluation_results.artifacts
```

Table summary_eval.json ⓘ		
Filter by article	Group by article ▾	Compare prediction_summary ▾
article	dolly ⓘ	gpt4 ⓘ
	<a href="#">dataset (f2f8afc9)</a> Eval dolly/1	<a href="#">dataset (f2f8afc9)</a> Eval gpt4/1
Cristiano Ronaldo scored five, including a eight-minute hat-trick, as Real Madrid beat sorry Granada 9-1. Gareth Bale broke the deadlock and Carlo Ancelotti's team were 4-0 up before half-time as they put memories of their Clasico defeat to Barcelona a fortnight ago behind them. The huge gulf in class showe...	CR7 managed to achieve yet again another milestone in terms of records achieved throughout his professional footballing journey so far! He currently holds the most amount of individual awards received within European Football, which stands today at 8 trophies awarded since 2009 until present...	On Easter Sunday, Real Madrid beat Granada 9-1 with Cristiano Ronaldo scoring five goals, including an eight-minute hat-trick. Gareth Bale scored the first goal and Karim Benzema scored a double. The match was played at the Bernabeu, and Real Madrid bounced back from their El Clasico defeat by Barcelon...
Comics at the BBC must go through a lengthy process to get some jokes on air because the Corporation is extra-wary about causing offence, an editor at the company has claimed. Chris Sussman, executive editor for comedy, revealed particular jokes have to go through 'quite a lot of layers' to be approve...	The comics at British Broadcasting Company or better known as "BBC" need to pass multiple levels of approval just so their jokes can make it onto television. This is due to them wanting to avoid offending anyone which was brought up again during recent scandals such as sachsgate and russell brand/jonathan ross...	The BBC is extra-wary about causing offence and has a lengthy process for approving jokes, according to Chris Sussman, executive editor for comedy. Some jokes have to be approved by director general Lord Hall, editorial policy advisers, the channel and legal advisers before they are aired...



# My Experiment [Provide Feedback](#)

[Share](#)

Experiment ID: 969439949019852    Artifact Location: dbfs:/databricks/mlflow-tracking/969439949019852

> Description [Edit](#)

**Table** | **Chart** | **Evaluation** |  | **Time created** | **State Active**

[Refresh](#) | [+ New run](#)

**Sort: Created** | **Columns** |  **Expand rows**

[Fullscreen](#) | [Print](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Run Name	Created	Dataset	Duration	Source	Models	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	custom_qa_model_run	14 hours ago	-	17.6s	My note...	-	+
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	general_qa_model_run	14 hours ago	-	15.7s	Kasey: I...	-	



Select a cell to display preview

# My Experiment 🔗 [Provide Feedback](#) 🔗

⋮ [Share](#)

Experiment ID: 969439949019852    Artifact Location: dbfs:/databricks/mlflow-tracking/969439949019852

> Description [Edit](#)

Table
Chart
Evaluation

🔍
Time created ▾
State Active ▾

⋮
Refresh
New run

Sort: Created ▾

Run Name
<span style="color: red;">●</span> custom_qa_model_run
<span style="color: purple;">●</span> general_qa_model_run

Table eval_results_table.json <span>🔍</span> <span>📘</span>		
questions	custom_qa_model_run <span>🔍</span>	general_qa_model_run <span>🔍</span>
	<p><span>📄</span> No datasets recorded</p> <p><span>🔗</span> No models</p>	<p><span>📄</span> No datasets recorded</p> <p><span>🔗</span> No models</p>
What is Spark?	<p>Spark is a distributed computing framework that provides high-level APIs in Scala, Python, and Java, and an optimized engine that processes data at scale. Spark is a general-purpose cluster computing system that provides a unified programming model for both in-memory and out-of-core data processing. Spark is a fast and general engine for large-scale data processing. It provides high-level APIs in Scala,...</p> <p style="text-align: right;">524 Tokens 4326.09 ms</p>	<p>Spark is an open-source distributed computing system that is designed to process large-scale data sets. It provides an interface for programming entire clusters with implicit data parallelism and fault tolerance. Spark is known for its speed, ease of use, and ability to handle a wide range of data processing tasks, including batch processing, stream processing, machine learning, and graph processing. It is widely...</p> <p style="text-align: right;">597 Tokens 3563.62 ms</p>
What is Spark Connect?	<p>Spark Connect is a tool that allows remote connectivity to Spark clusters using a thin client from any programming language. The client translates DataFrame operations into unresolved logical query plans. Spark Connect can be embedded everywhere: application servers, IDEs, notebooks, and programming languages.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">375 Tokens 3646.14 ms</p>	<p>Answer: Spark Connect is a feature in Apache Spark that allows Spark to connect with external data sources such as databases, message queues, and file systems. It provides a unified API for accessing data from various sources and enables Spark to read and write data from these sources directly into Spark DataFrames or RDDs. Spark Connect supports a wide range of data sources including JDBC, Cassandra,...</p> <p style="text-align: right;">521 Tokens 4648.31 ms</p>
What is MLflow?	<p>MLflow is a platform for machine learning lifecycle management. It is a framework for tracking, managing, and deploying machine learning models.</p>	<p>Answer: MLflow is an open-source platform for managing the end-to-end machine learning lifecycle. It provides tools for tracking experiments, packaging code into reproducible runs, and sharing and deploying models. MLflow also supports multiple machine learning frameworks including TensorFlow, PyTorch</p>



Select a cell to display preview

2 matching runs

# My Experiment 🔗 [Provide Feedback](#)

Experiment ID: 969439949019852    Artifact Location: dbfs://

> Description [Edit](#)

Table   Chart   **Evaluation**  

Sort: Created ▾

Run Name
<span style="color: red;">●</span> custom_qa_model_run
<span style="color: purple;">●</span> general_qa_model_run

Table view

Search

question

What is S

What is S

What is M

2 matching runs

## New run



mpt30b ▾

### Prompt Template

```
Question:
{{questions}}

Context:
{{context}}

Response:
```

### questions

What is Spark Connect?

### context

```
Development Topics

Guidelines for new clients
```

▶ Evaluate

### Temperature ⓘ

0.1

### Max Output Tokens ⓘ

100

### Output

Cancel

Log run

⋮ [Share](#)

⋮ [Refresh](#) [+ New run](#)

🔍 📄



Select a cell to display preview

computing system  
data sets. It  
entire clusters  
tolerance. Spark  
ability to  
tasks,  
processing,  
g. It is widely...

Apache Spark  
nal data  
queues, and file  
processing data  
k to read and  
into Spark  
upports a wide  
Cassandra,...

form for  
ning lifecycle. It  
provides tools for tracking experiments, packaging  
code into reproducible runs, and sharing and deploying  
models. MLflow also supports multiple machine  
learning frameworks, including TensorFlow, PyTorch

# My Experiment 🔗 Provide Feedback 🔗

Experiment ID: 969439949019852    Artifact Location: dbfs:/

> Description Edit

Table   Chart   **Evaluation**  

Sort: Created ▾

Run Name
<span>👁</span> custom_qa_model_run
<span>👁</span> general_qa_model_run

Table ev

Search

question

What is S

What is S

What is M

2 matching runs

## New run

mpt30b ▾

### Prompt Template

Question:  
{{questions}}

Context:  
{{context}}

### Response:

Temperature ⓘ

0.1

Max Output Tokens ⓘ

100

### questions

What is Spark Connect?

### context

```
Development Topics
Guidelines for new clients
```

▶ Evaluate

### Output

```
Spark Connect is a logical plan facade for the
implementation in Spark. Spark Connect is
directly integrated into the build of Spark.

The documentation linked here is specifically for developers
of Spark Connect and not
directly intended to be end-user documentation.

Development Topics
Guidelines for new clients

Response:
Spark Connect is a logical plan facade for the
implementation in Spark. Spark Connect is
directly integrated into
```

Cancel

Log run

Share

Refresh   **+ New run**



Select a cell to display preview

computing system  
data sets. It  
entire clusters  
tolerance. Spark  
ability to  
tasks,  
processing,  
g. It is widely...

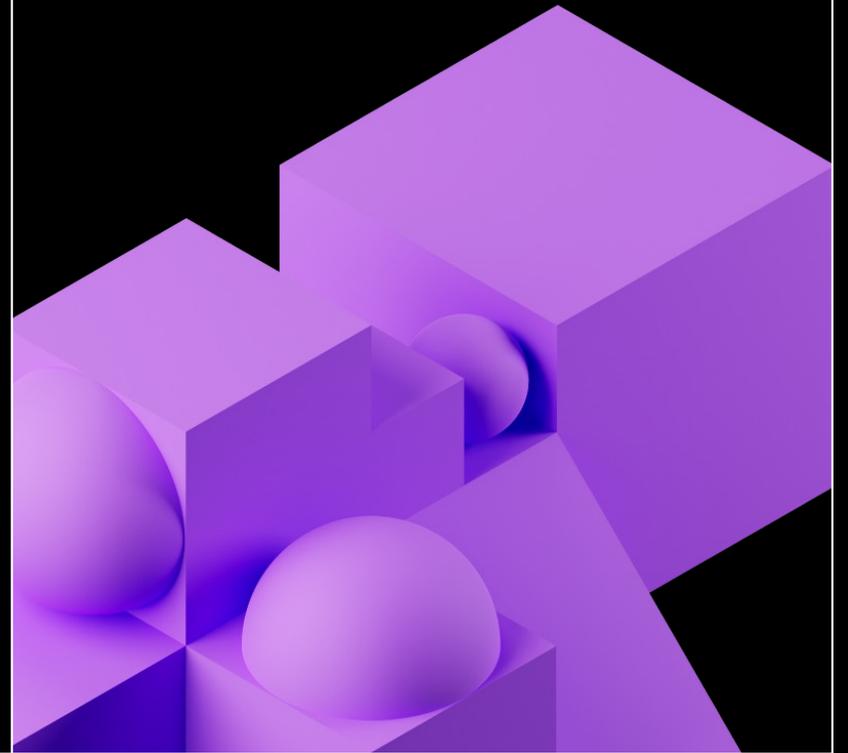
ens 3563.62 ms

Apache Spark  
nal data  
queues, and file  
processing data  
k to read and  
into Spark  
upports a wide  
Cassandra,...

ens 4648.31 ms

form for  
ning lifecycle. It  
provides tools for tracking experiments, packaging  
code into reproducible runs, and sharing and deploying  
models. MLflow also supports multiple machine  
learning frameworks, including TensorFlow, PyTorch

# LLM Model Packaging

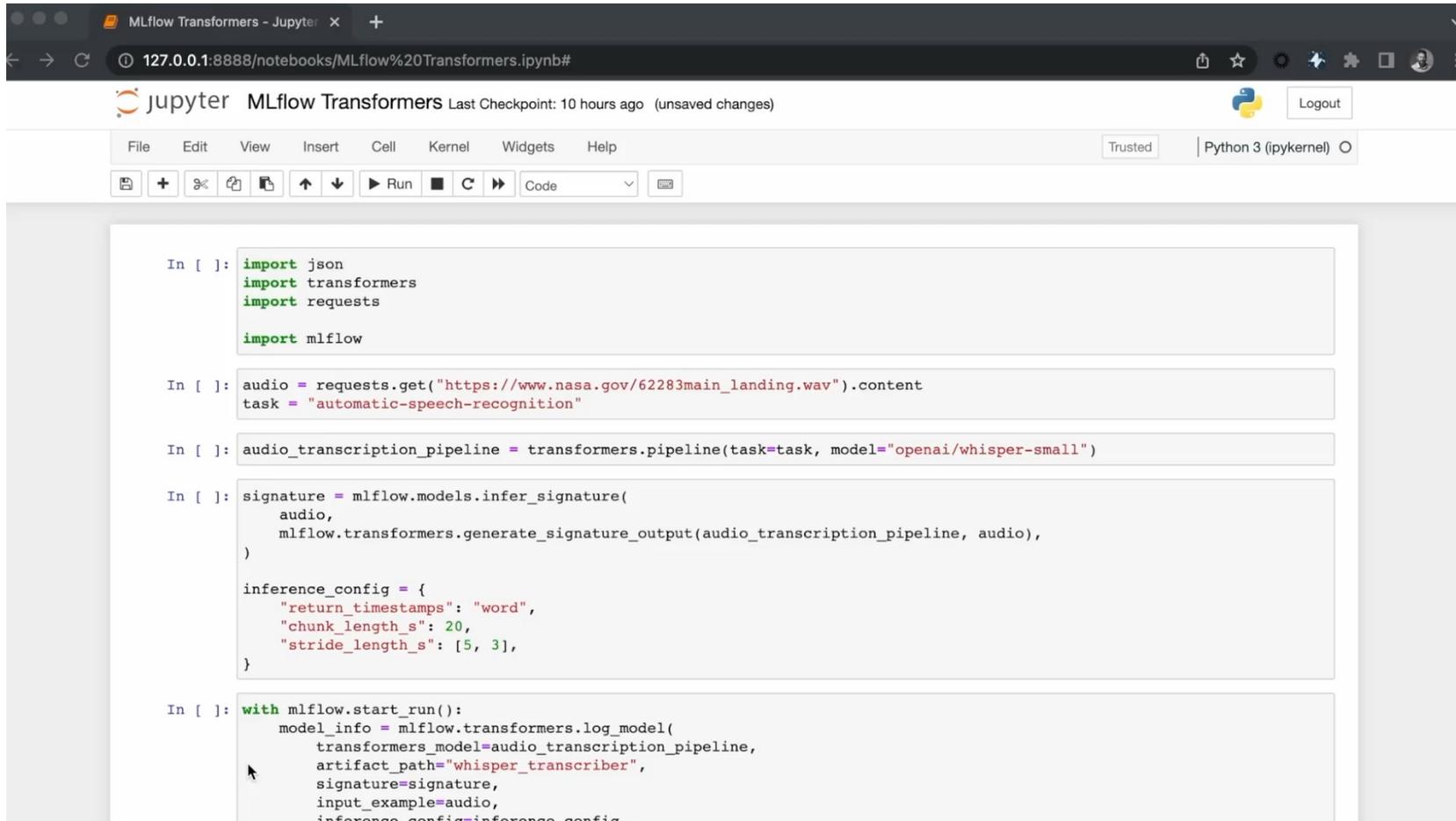


# LLM Model Packaging with MLflow

- Simple deployable models with a standardized interface
- Same familiar look and feel as other MLflow Models (“flavors”)
- Transformers flavor unifies inference around Pipelines
  - Support for Trainer-friendly component logging



# Transformers MLflow demo



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook titled "MLflow Transformers" in a browser window. The notebook contains five code cells. The first cell imports the necessary libraries: json, transformers, requests, and mlflow. The second cell fetches audio data from a NASA website. The third cell creates a transformers pipeline for automatic speech recognition using the 'openai/whisper-small' model. The fourth cell generates an MLflow signature for the pipeline and audio input. The fifth cell uses a context manager to log the pipeline to MLflow with a specific artifact path and inference configuration.

```
In []: import json
import transformers
import requests

import mlflow

In []: audio = requests.get("https://www.nasa.gov/62283main_landing.wav").content
task = "automatic-speech-recognition"

In []: audio_transcription_pipeline = transformers.pipeline(task=task, model="openai/whisper-small")

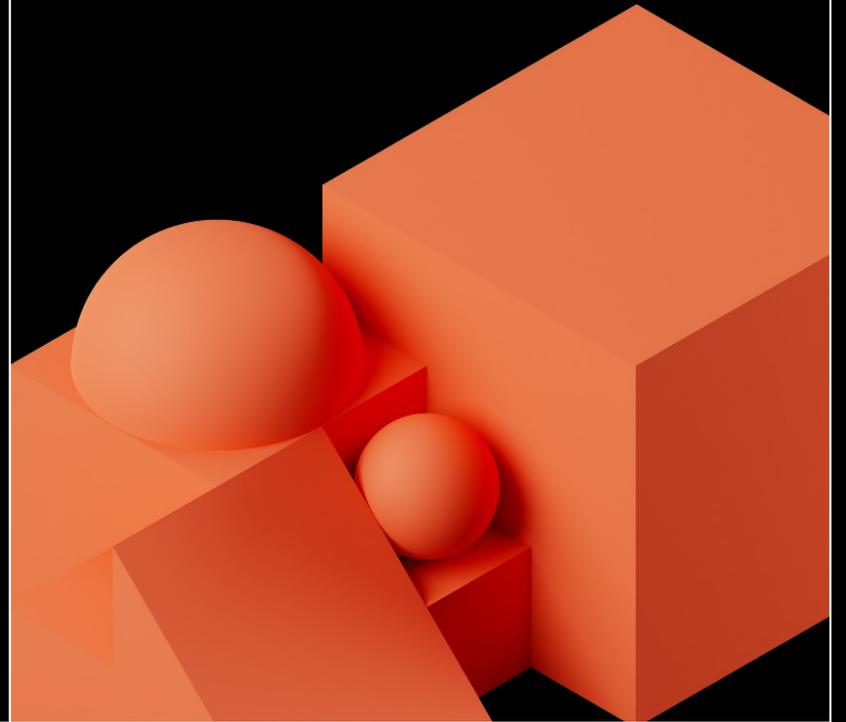
In []: signature = mlflow.models.infer_signature(
 audio,
 mlflow.transformers.generate_signature_output(audio_transcription_pipeline, audio),
)

inference_config = {
 "return_timestamps": "word",
 "chunk_length_s": 20,
 "stride_length_s": [5, 3],
}

In []: with mlflow.start_run():
 model_info = mlflow.transformers.log_model(
 transformers_model=audio_transcription_pipeline,
 artifact_path="whisper_transcriber",
 signature=signature,
 input_example=audio,
 inference_config=inference_config,
```



# LLM Deployment

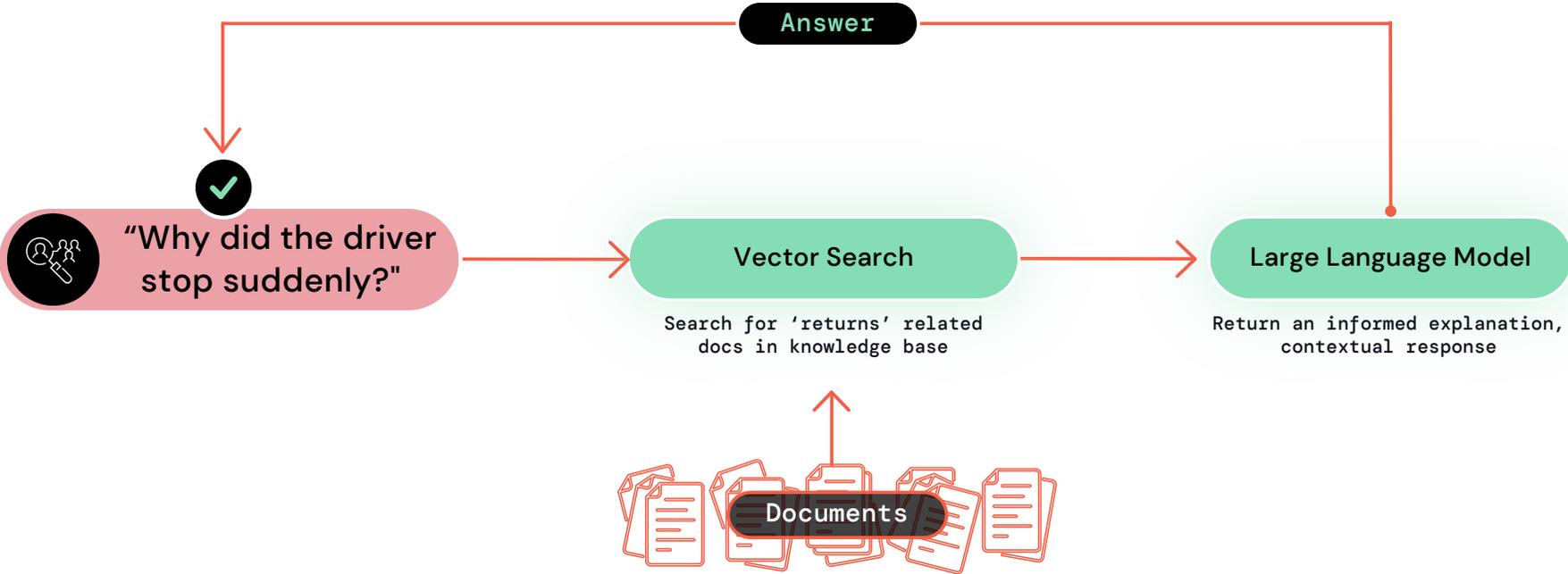


# LLM Deployment

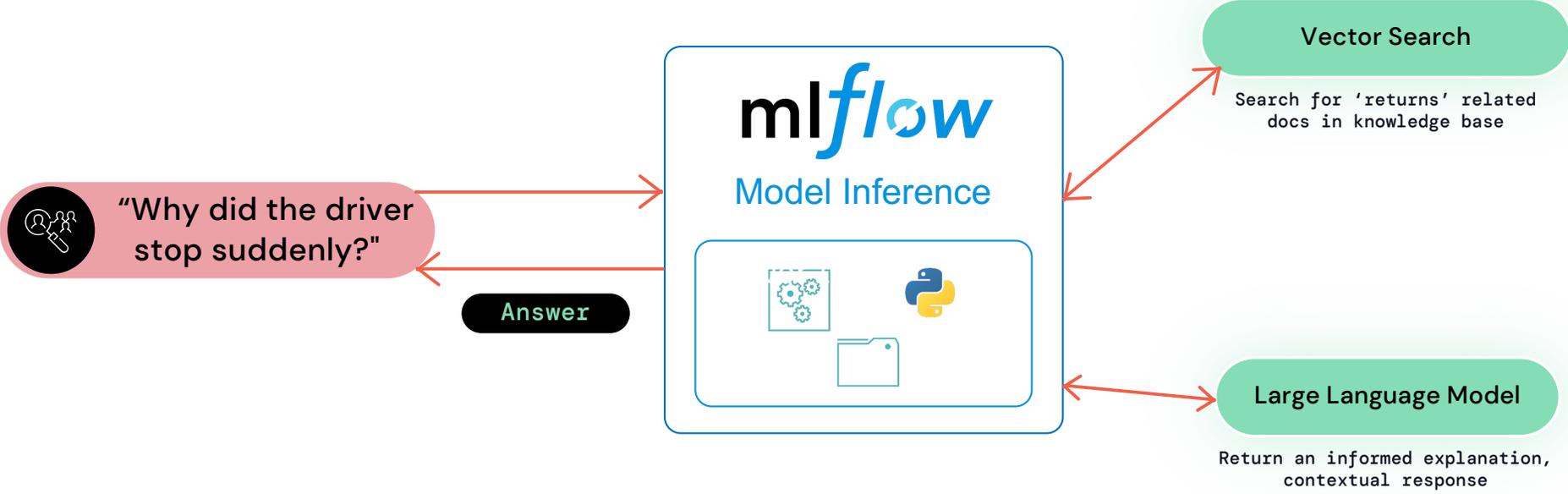
- Multi-step inference graphs
- LLMs are reused
- Cost management is critical



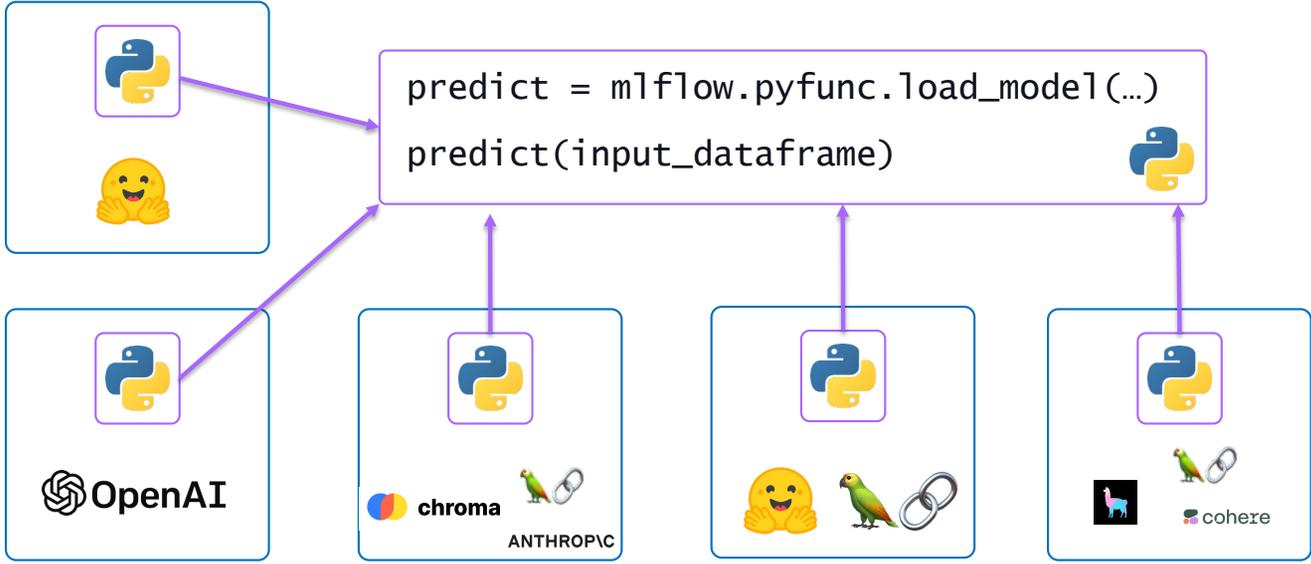
# Multi-step inference graphs



# Multi-step inference graphs

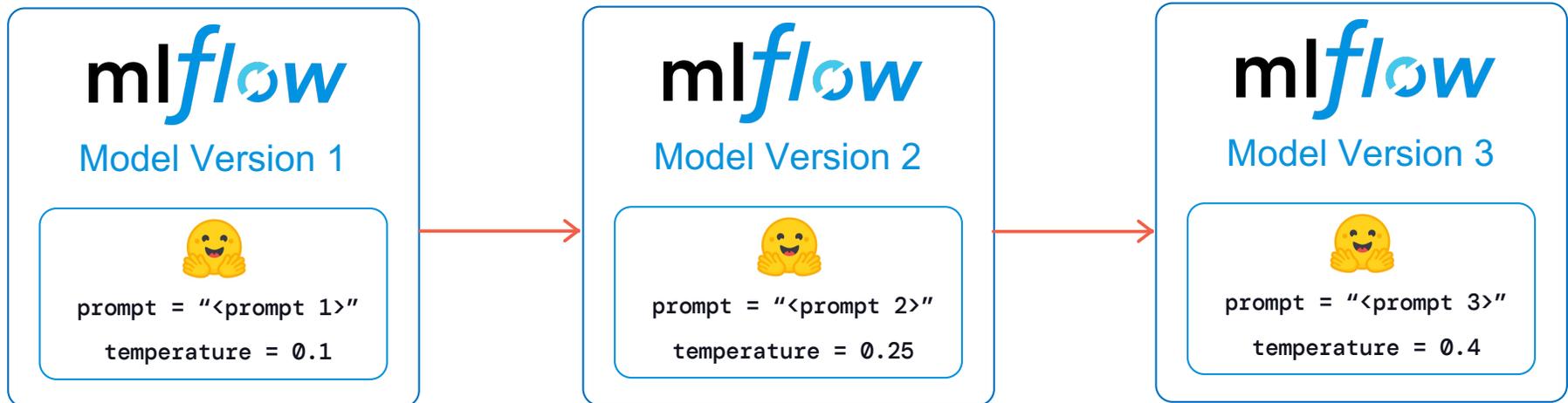


# Model inference with MLflow



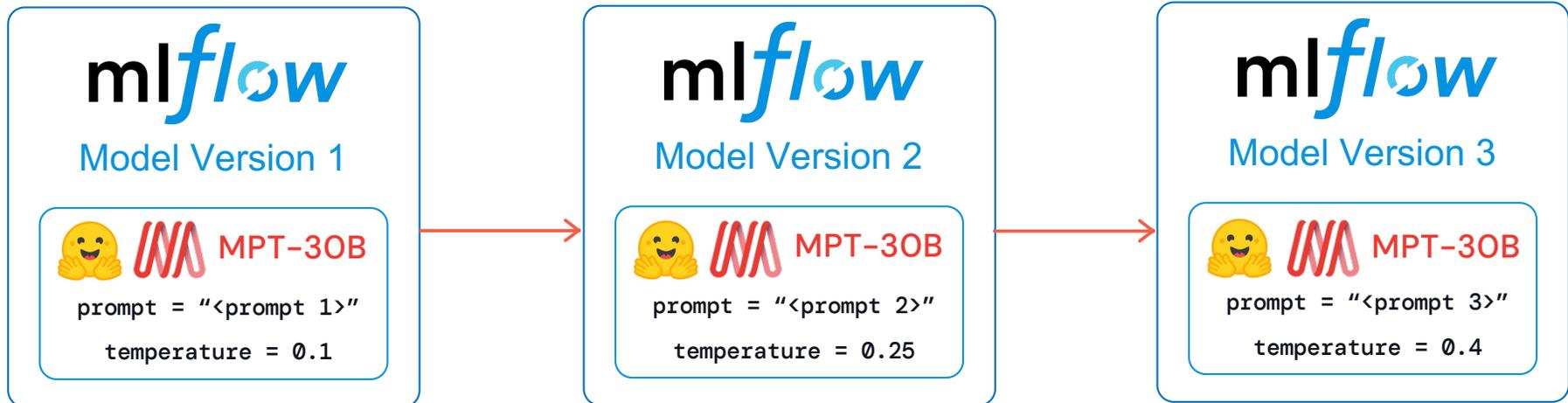
# Reuse of LLMs

Example: Prompt engineering with OSS models



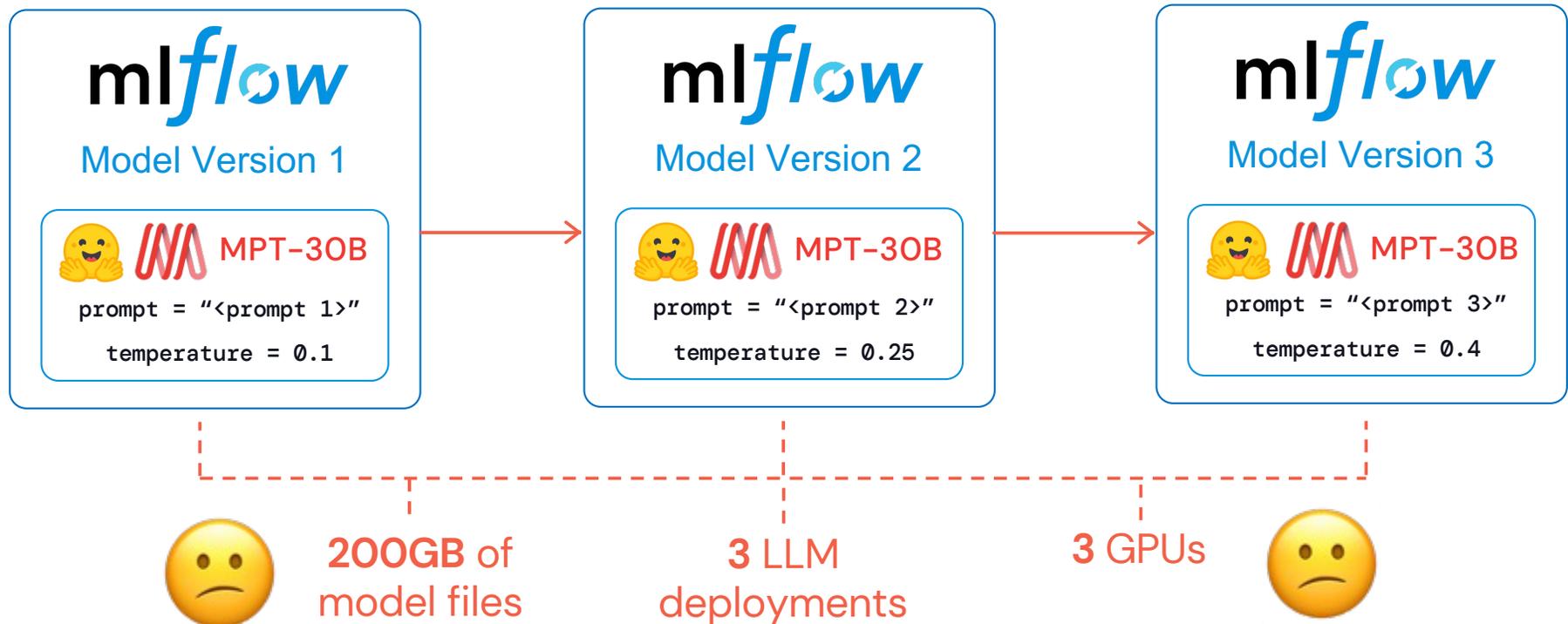
# Reuse of LLMs

Example: Prompt engineering with OSS models



# Reuse of LLMs

Example: Prompt engineering with OSS models



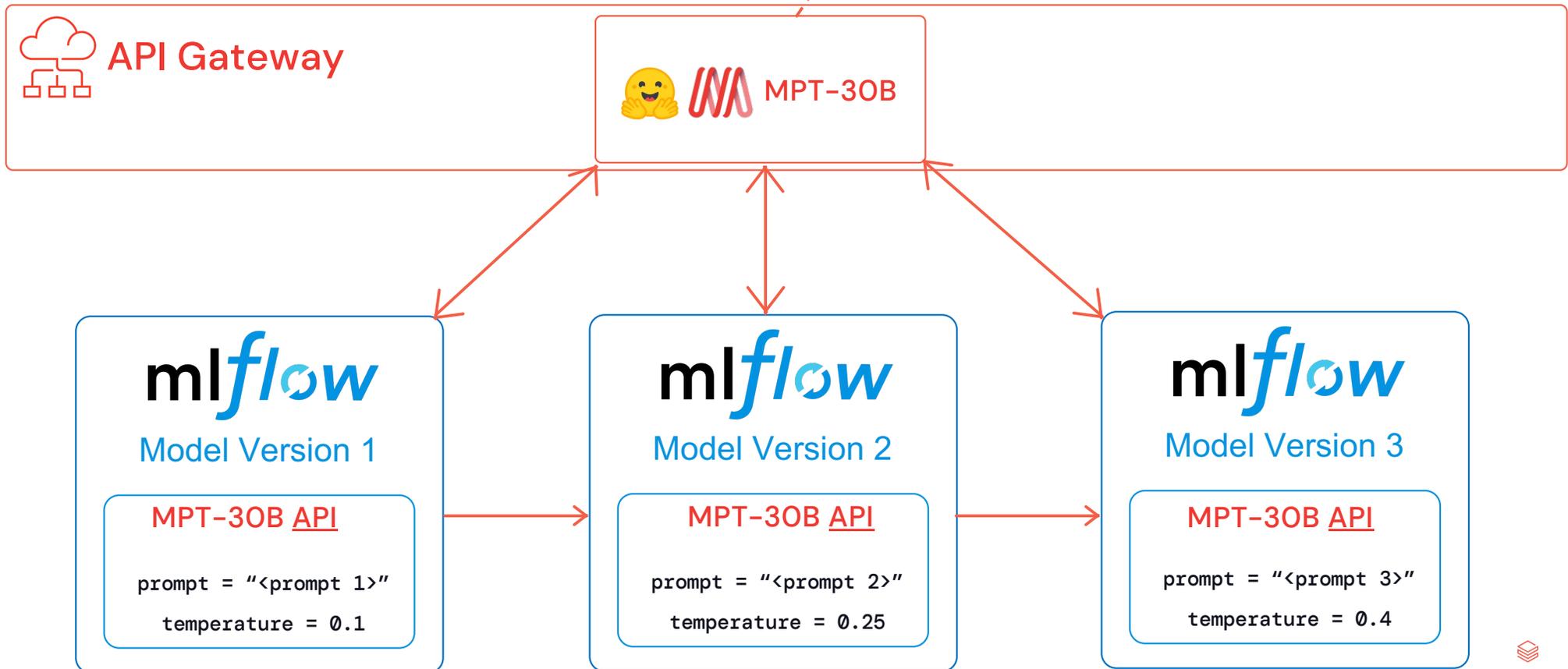
# Reuse of LLMs



< 100 GB of  
model files

1 LLM  
deployment

1 GPU



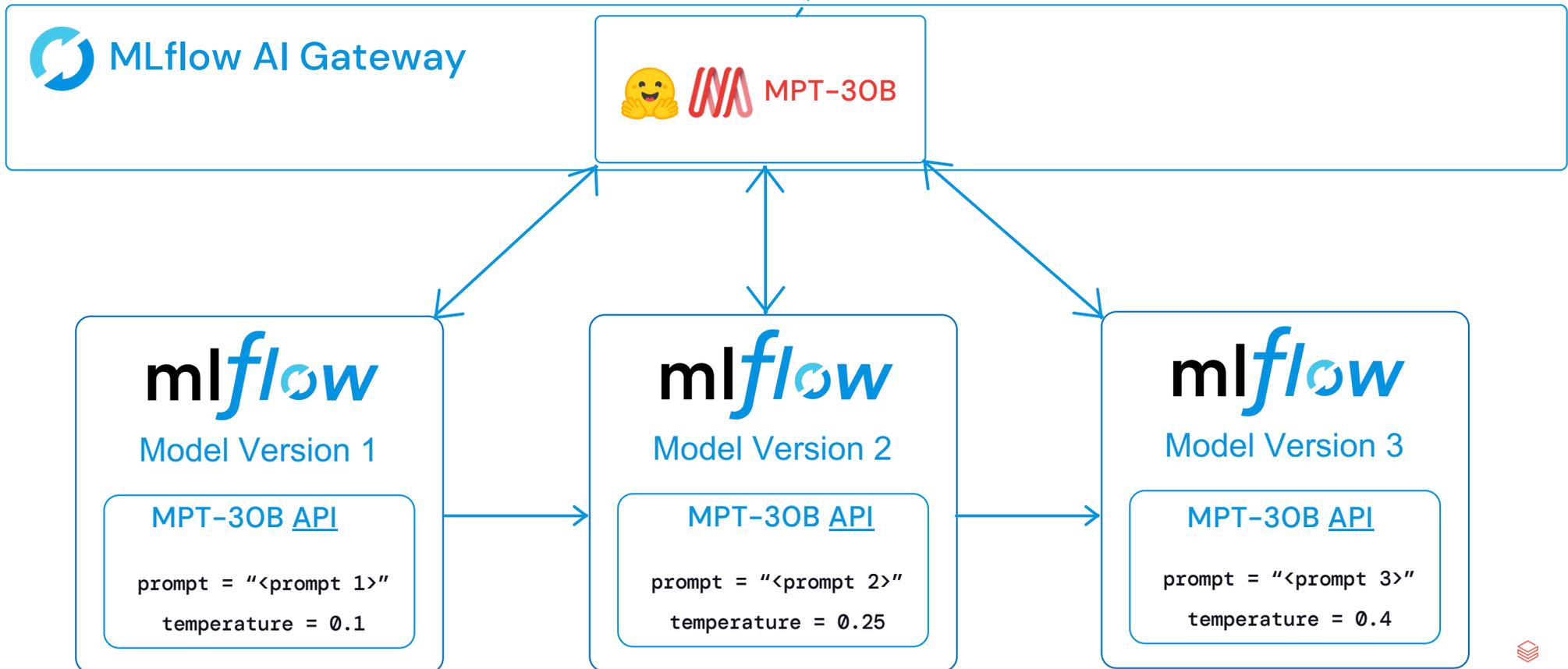
# Reuse of LLMs



< 100 GB of  
model files

1 LLM  
deployment

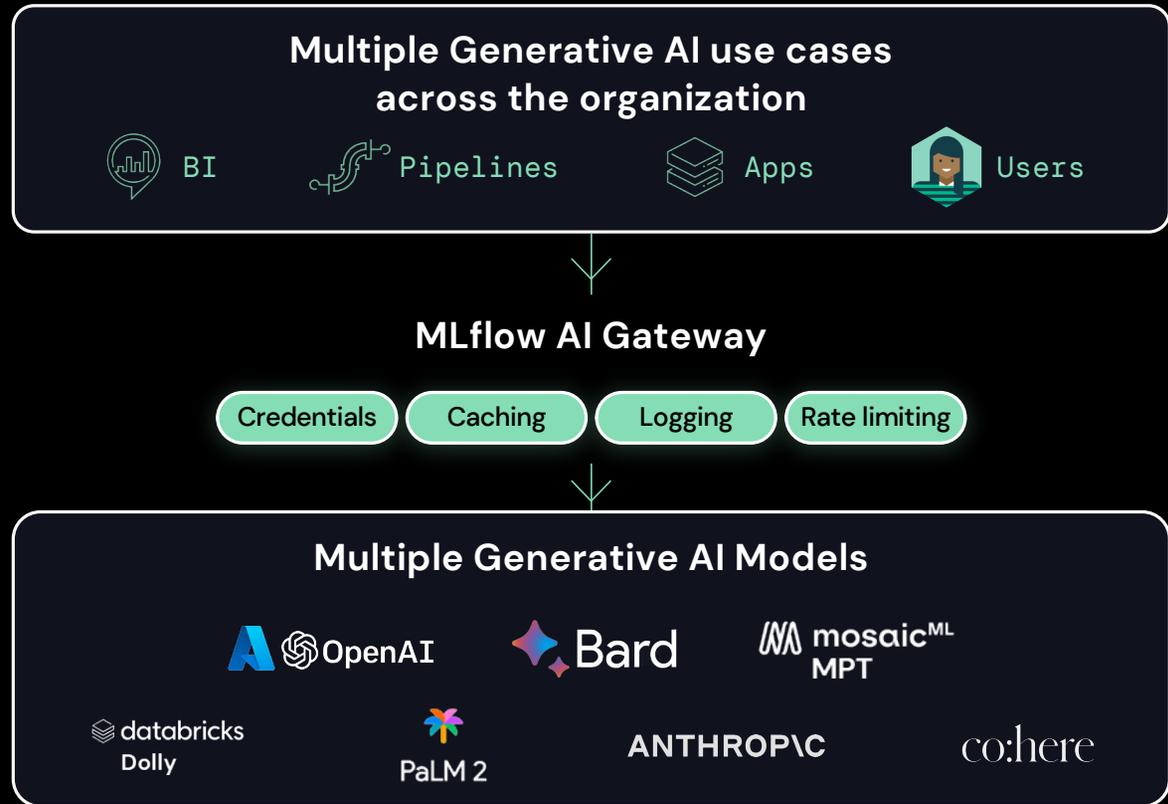
1 GPU



INTRODUCING

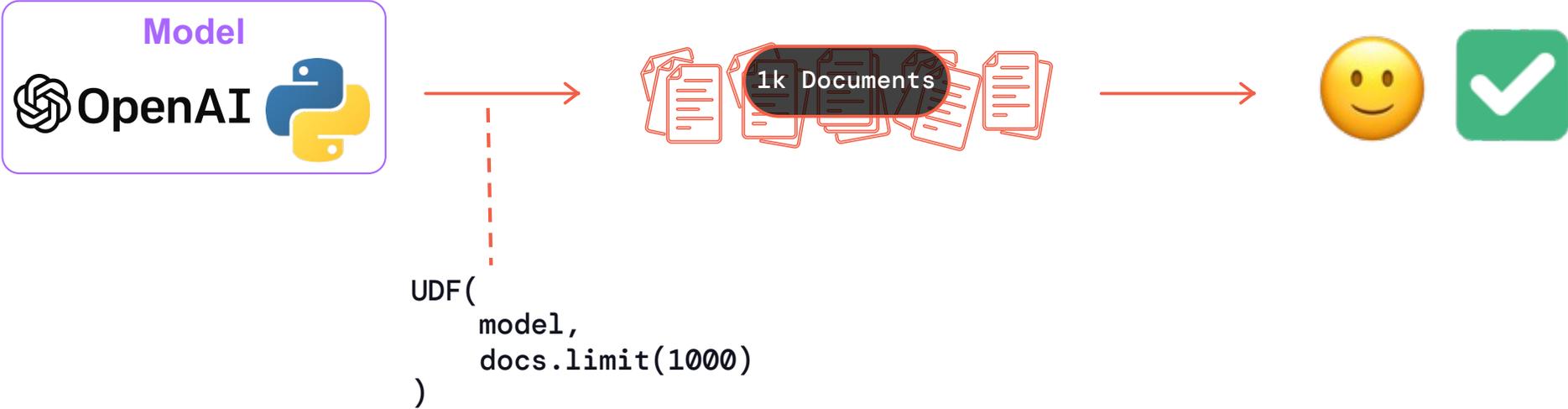
# MLflow AI Gateway

Manage, govern, evaluate, and switch models easily



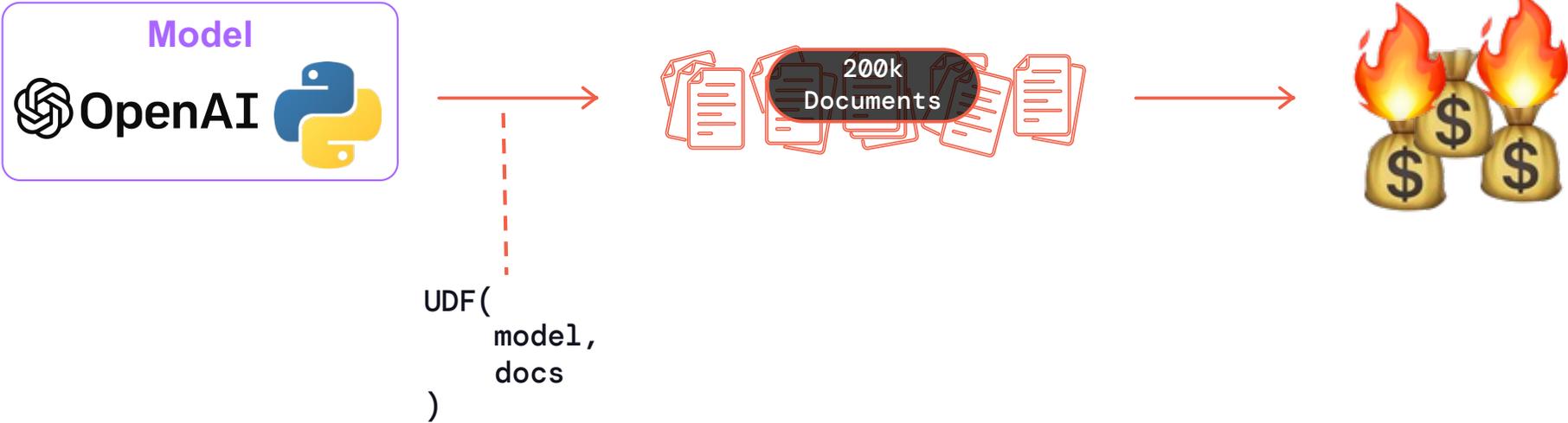
# MLflow AI Gateway: Cost management

Example: Document summarization

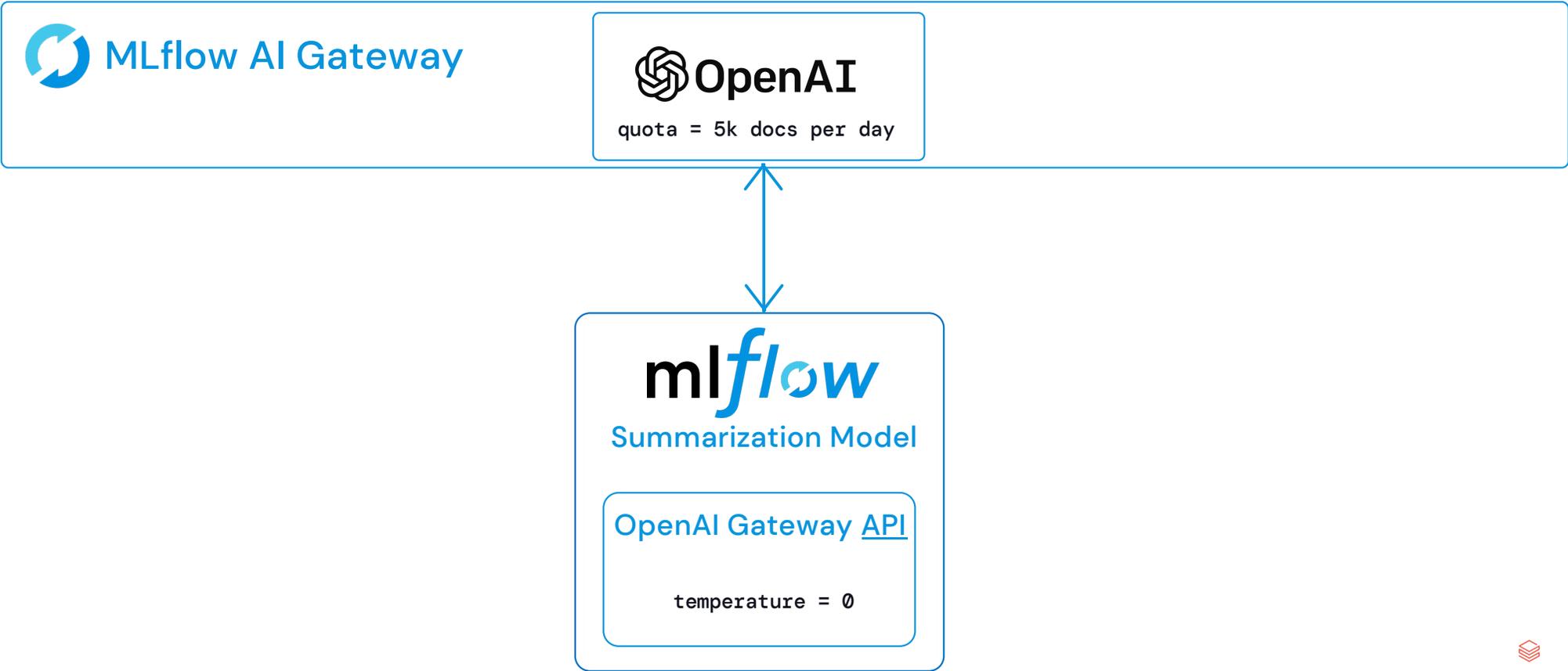


# MLflow AI Gateway: Cost management

Example: Document summarization



# MLflow AI Gateway: Cost management

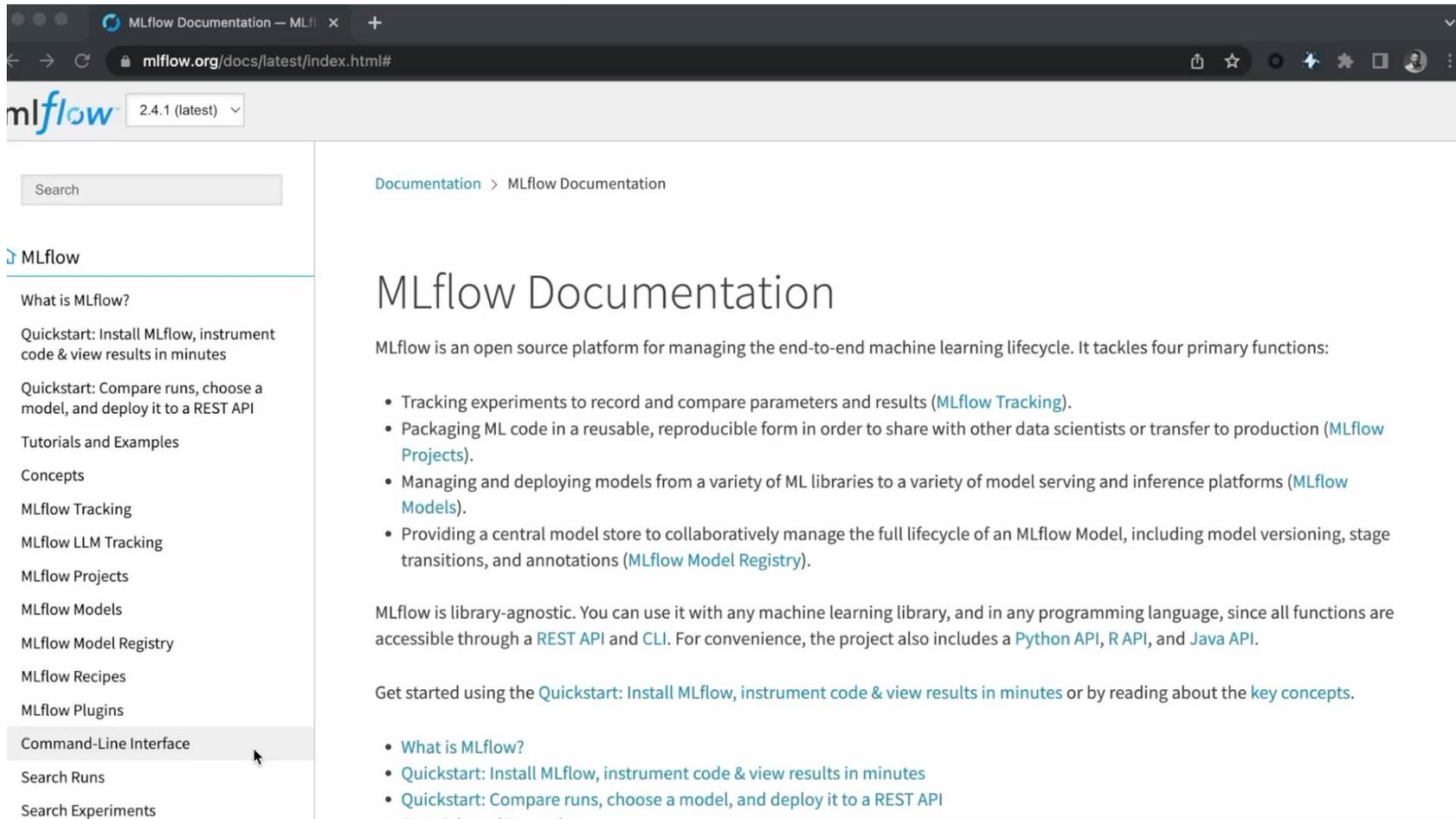


# MLflow AI Gateway: Setting configuration

```
benjamin.wilson — benjamin.wilson@arm64-apple-darwin20 — — -zsh — 135x38
(mlflow-dev-env)
~ via @mlflow-dev-env via 🐛 dev-env
→
```



# MLflow AI Gateway: Docs demo



The screenshot shows the MLflow Documentation website. The browser address bar displays `mlflow.org/docs/latest/index.html#`. The page title is "MLflow Documentation" and the version is "2.4.1 (latest)". The sidebar on the left contains a search bar and a list of navigation items. The "Command-Line Interface" item is highlighted with a mouse cursor. The main content area displays the "MLflow Documentation" page, which includes a list of primary functions and a list of links to related documentation.

Documentation > MLflow Documentation

## MLflow Documentation

MLflow is an open source platform for managing the end-to-end machine learning lifecycle. It tackles four primary functions:

- Tracking experiments to record and compare parameters and results ([MLflow Tracking](#)).
- Packaging ML code in a reusable, reproducible form in order to share with other data scientists or transfer to production ([MLflow Projects](#)).
- Managing and deploying models from a variety of ML libraries to a variety of model serving and inference platforms ([MLflow Models](#)).
- Providing a central model store to collaboratively manage the full lifecycle of an MLflow Model, including model versioning, stage transitions, and annotations ([MLflow Model Registry](#)).

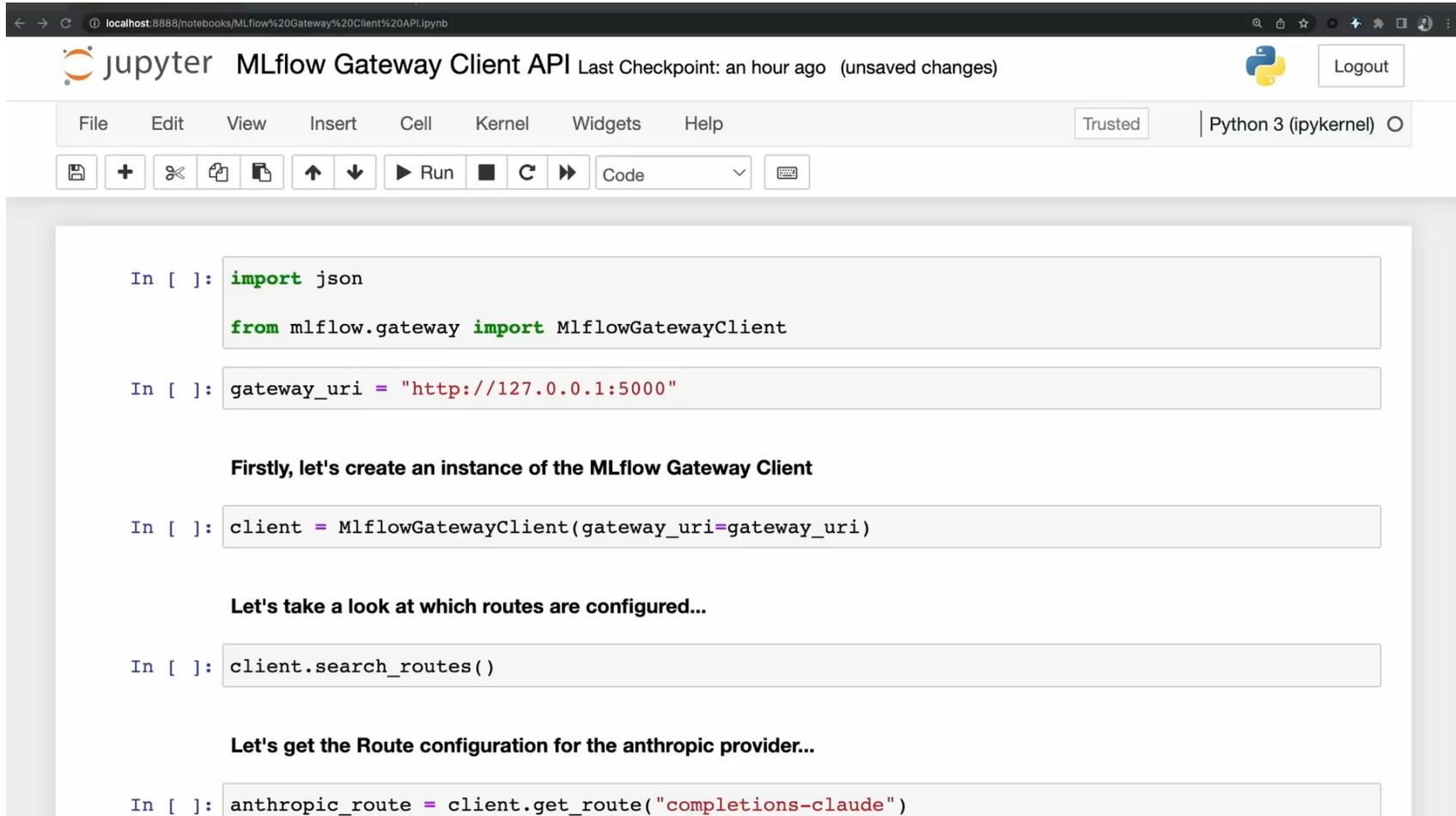
MLflow is library-agnostic. You can use it with any machine learning library, and in any programming language, since all functions are accessible through a [REST API](#) and [CLI](#). For convenience, the project also includes a [Python API](#), [R API](#), and [Java API](#).

Get started using the [Quickstart: Install MLflow, instrument code & view results in minutes](#) or by reading about the [key concepts](#).

- [What is MLflow?](#)
- [Quickstart: Install MLflow, instrument code & view results in minutes](#)
- [Quickstart: Compare runs, choose a model, and deploy it to a REST API](#)



# MLflow AI Gateway: Client API demo

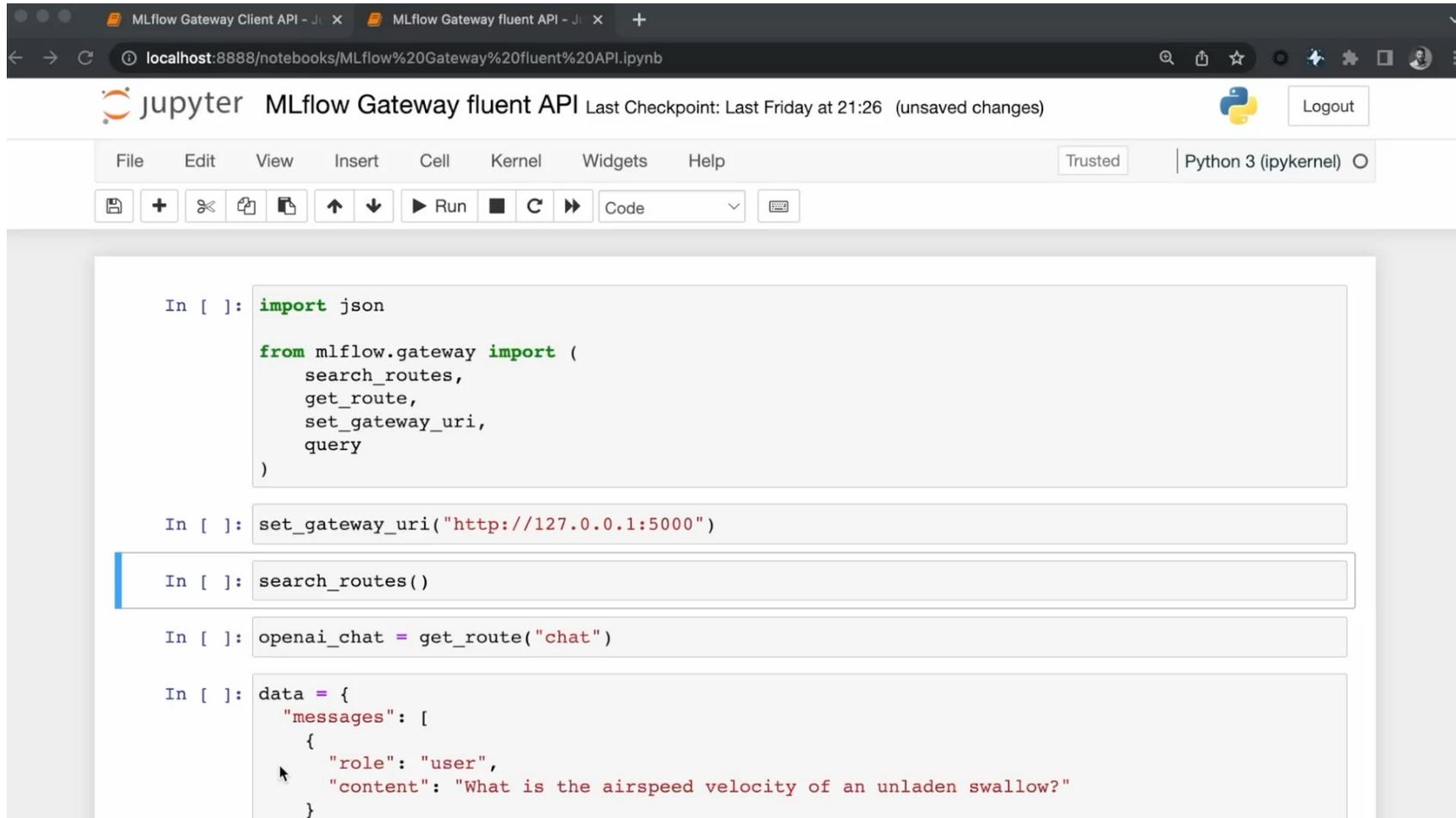


The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with the following elements:

- Browser Address Bar:** localhost:8888/notebooks/MLflow%20Gateway%20Client%20API.ipynb
- Page Header:** jupyter MLflow Gateway Client API Last Checkpoint: an hour ago (unsaved changes) Python 3 (ipykernel) Logout
- Menu Bar:** File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel)
- Toolbar:** Save, Add, Undo, Copy, Paste, Up, Down, Run, Stop, Refresh, Next, Code
- Code Cells:**
  - `In [ ]: import json`  
`from mlflow.gateway import MlflowGatewayClient`
  - `In [ ]: gateway_uri = "http://127.0.0.1:5000"`
  - Firstly, let's create an instance of the MLflow Gateway Client**
  - `In [ ]: client = MlflowGatewayClient(gateway_uri=gateway_uri)`
  - Let's take a look at which routes are configured...**
  - `In [ ]: client.search_routes()`
  - Let's get the Route configuration for the anthropic provider...**
  - `In [ ]: anthropic_route = client.get_route("completions-claude")`



# MLflow AI Gateway: fluent API demo



```
In []: import json

 from mlflow.gateway import (
 search_routes,
 get_route,
 set_gateway_uri,
 query
)

In []: set_gateway_uri("http://127.0.0.1:5000")

In []: search_routes()

In []: openai_chat = get_route("chat")

In []: data = {
 "messages": [
 {
 "role": "user",
 "content": "What is the airspeed velocity of an unladen swallow?"
 }
]
 }
```



# MLflow 2.5 is coming soon

- [AI Gateway](#)
- [Prompt engineering UI](#)
- [Improved evaluation experience for LLMs](#)
- [Inference parameters for LLMs in MLflow Models](#)



# MLflow for LLMOps: Getting started

- `pip install mlflow`
- GitHub repository: <https://github.com/mlflow/mlflow>
- Website: [mlflow.org](https://mlflow.org)
- Community Slack: <https://go.mlflow.org/slack>
- LLM examples:  
<https://github.com/mlflow/mlflow/tree/master/examples/llms>

