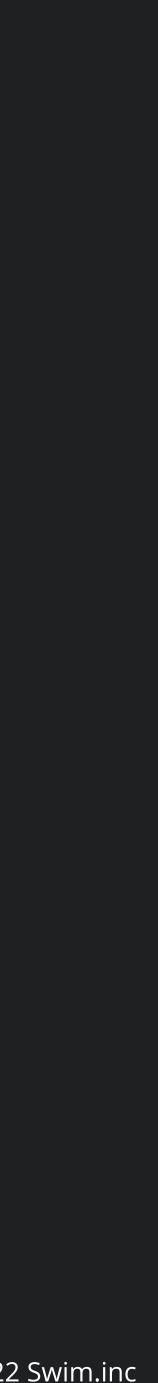
Building Streaming Data Applications With Properly-Streaming Architectures

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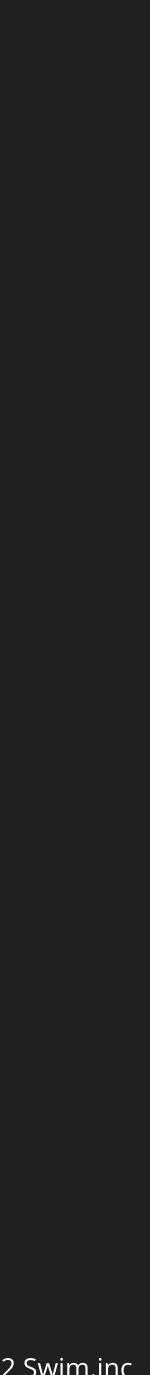




- Discuss streaming data applications
- Showcase an app built with a truly streaming architecture
- Technical not-so-deep dive
- Q/A







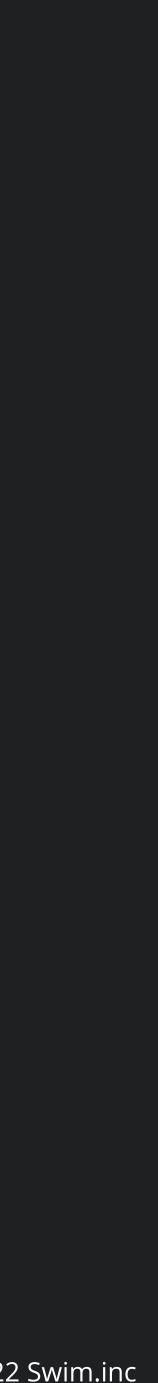
Streaming Data Application Requirements

- required contexts
- Uls and downstream services inherently real-time



Stateful microservices that perform *arbitrary logic* with *memory-latency access* to

• **Streaming APIs**—react instantly to changes; don't waste cycles awaiting them



Demands From Modern Apps

- **Continuousness:** streaming with minimal latency
- algorithmic restrictions
- modern streaming apps



• Autonomy: actionability of stateful microservices is unaffected by higher-level

Observability: coordination-free inspectability, possibly including internal state

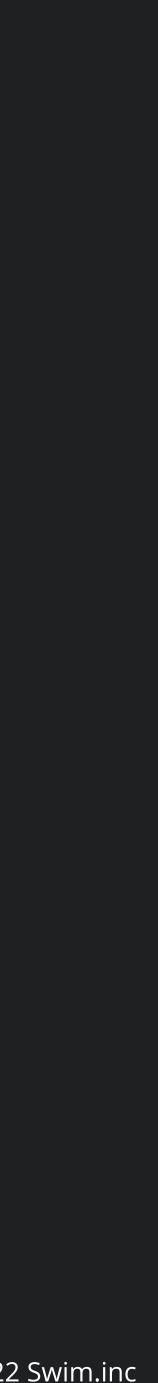
Not mutually exclusive—*loosening* these properties *conflicts* with the needs of



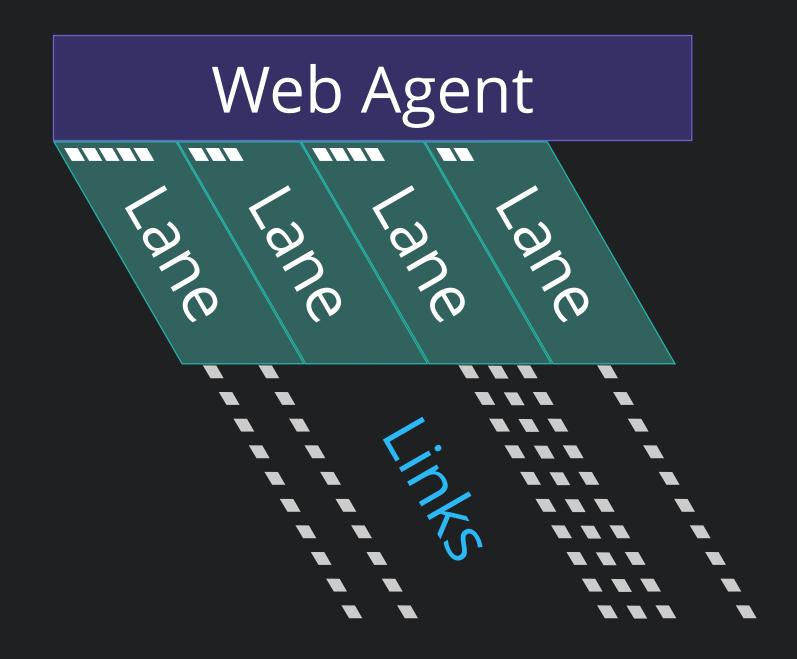
One Solution: Web Agents

- The Web Agent architecture: Swim's general-purpose distributed object model of stateful microservices for building end-to-end streaming applications
- First-class citizens of the World Wide Web that strictly communicate over streaming APIs (WARP, not REST)
- **Real-time UIs** and other actionable actors *designed around* streams





Web Agent Model At A Glance

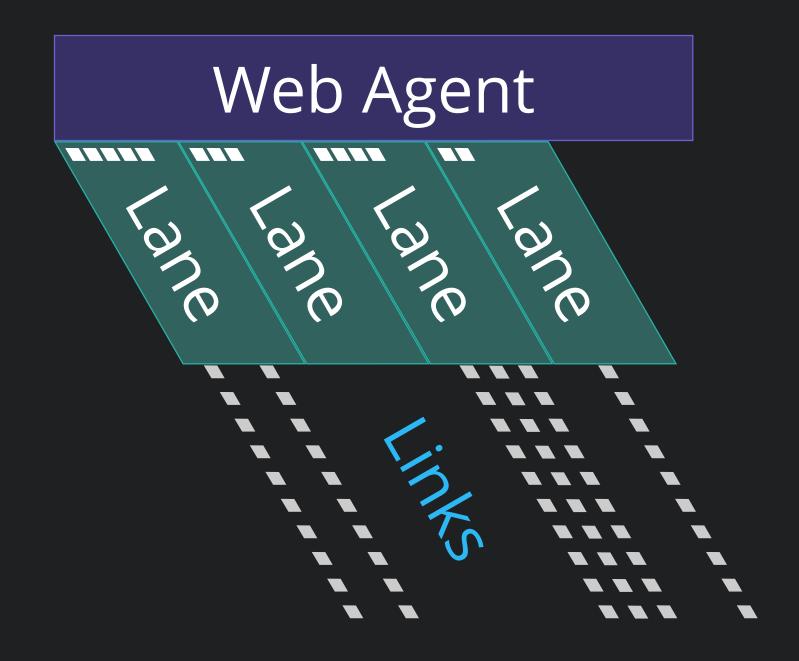




- Web Agents: distributed, deploymentagnostic, observable, composable stateful "objects"
- *Lanes*: "members" with actionable lifecycle callbacks
- *Links*: "references" with actionable lifecycle callbacks
- Express apps as logical objects, and *reactions to changes to* those objects



Web Agent Analogies





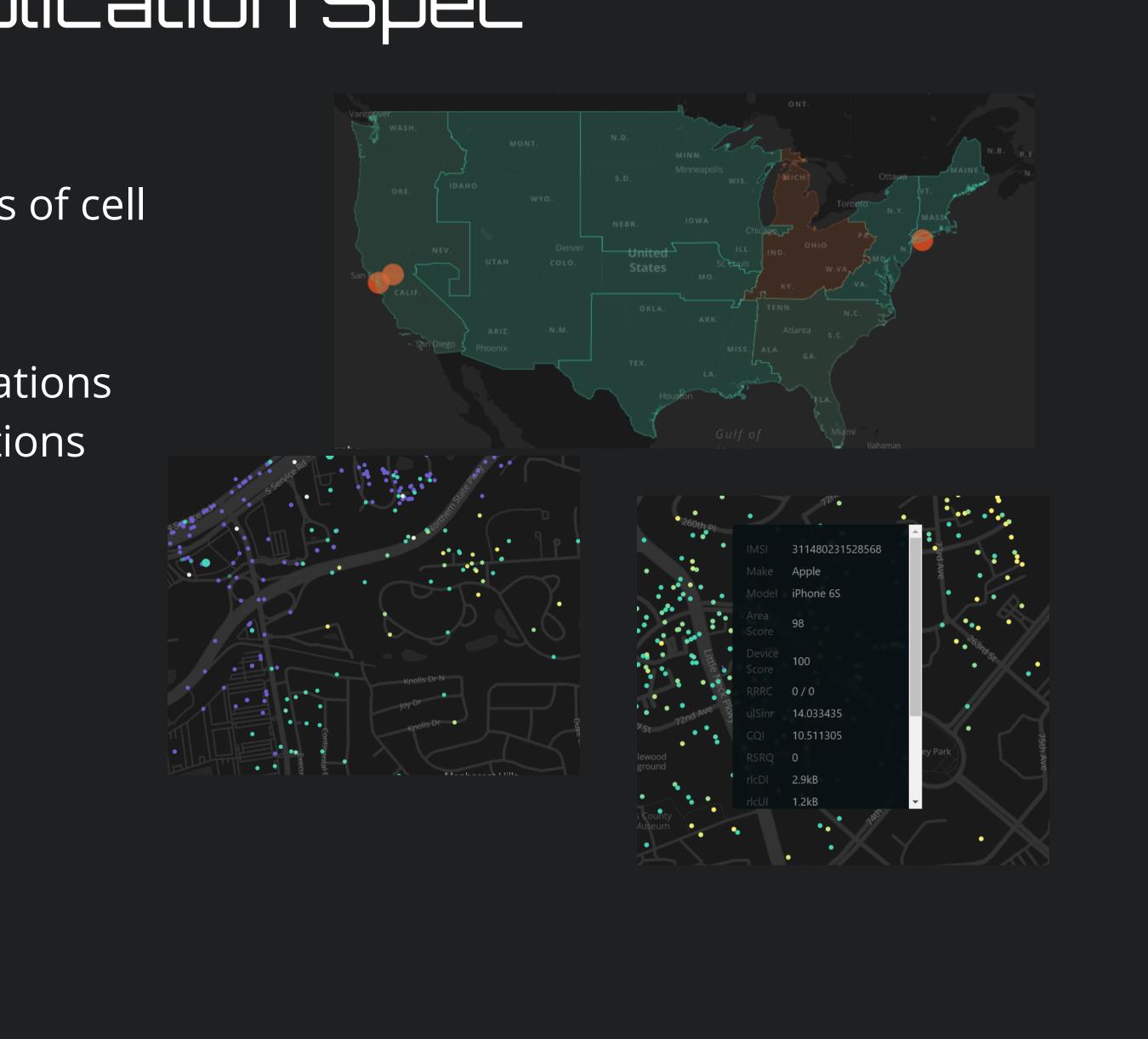
	Agent	Lane	Link
OOP	Object	Member	Reference
REST	Endpoint	Method	Request
Database	Row	Column	Relation
Message Broker	Namespace	Торіс	Subscription
Actor Model	Actor	Mailbox	Messages
Operating System	Process	File	File Handle



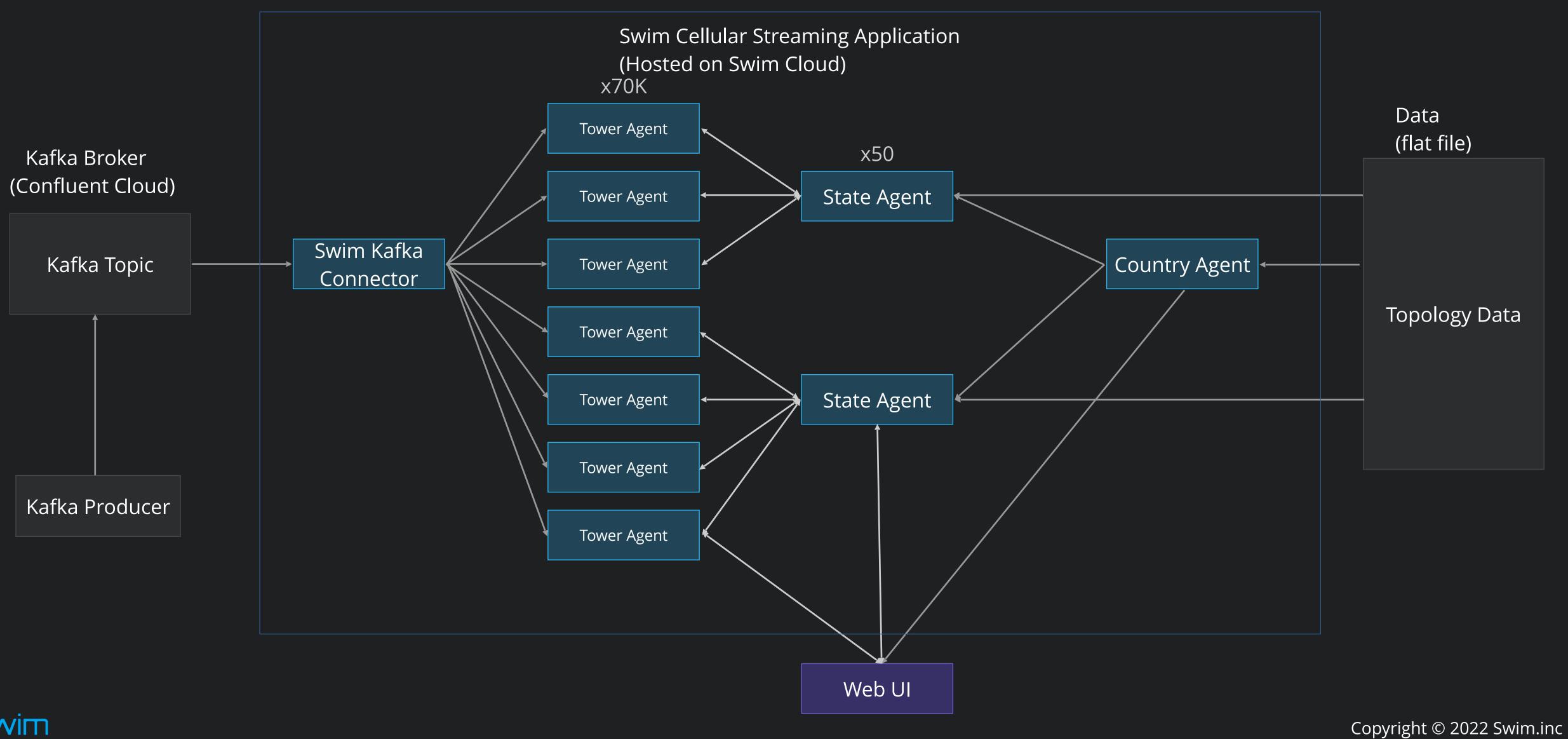
Demo Application Spec

- **Continuous** monitoring and analytics of cell towers (~70k) across the nation
- Direct observability of, and computations upon, arbitrary subsets and aggregations
- Time-critical error identification
- Real-time visualization
- Autonomous actionability
- Accurate internal metrics reporting



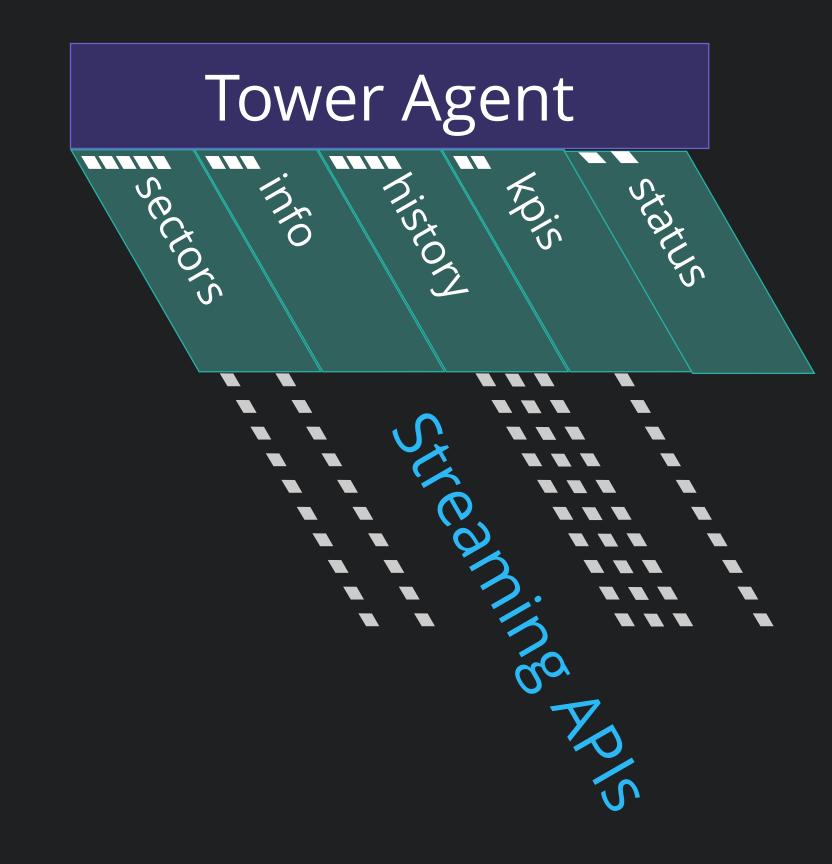


Cellular Application Architecture



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Tower Agent





- Receives network metrics for a given tower from the Swim Kafka Connector
- Statefully models the current state of the tower
- Continuously analyzes and computes KPIs and status as it changes in real-time

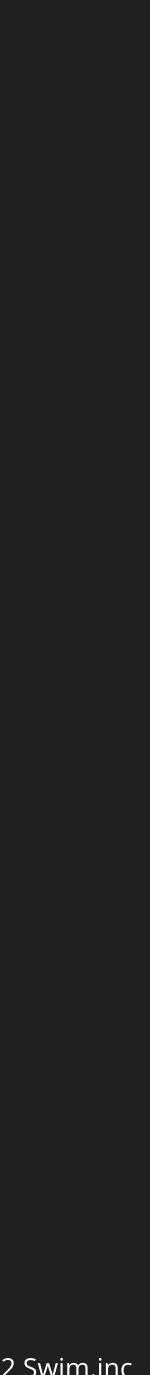


State Agent

State Agent towers status ID FO XD:S SIG

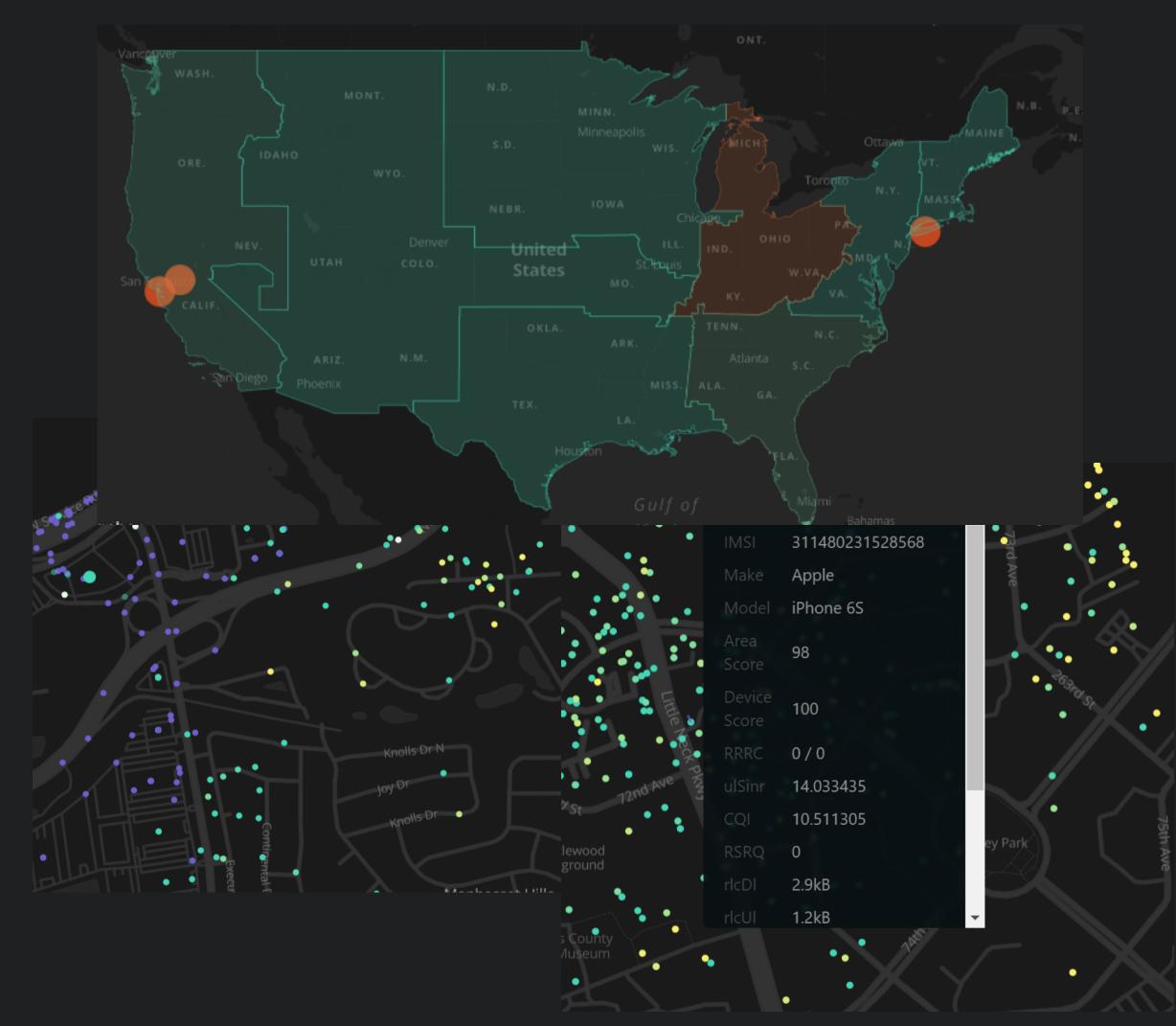
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- Receives the real-time condition of every tower within a U.S. state (by *linking* to Tower Agents)
- Statefully models the current condition of its corresponding U.S. state
- Continuously analyzes and computes aggregate KPIs and statuses as it changes in real-time



Continuum Ul

- Communicates-in real-time-directly with Web Agents using the same WARP protocol that Web Agents use to communicate with each other
- The UI *is* just another Web Agent (that happens to be a User Agent)
- The UI dynamically links to just the Web Agents that are relevant to the current view





Today's Key Takeaways

- Proper data streaming applications consist of stateful microservices, streaming APIs, and real-time downstream UIs / processes
- Challenges facing data streaming applications are continuousness, autonomy, and observability
- Today's demo that uses Web Agents to achieve these goals available at: https://continuum.swim.inc/cellular-confluent/#atlas
- Other useful links
 - <u>https://swim.inc</u>
 - <u>https://www.swimos.org/</u>
 - https://github.com/swimos/
 - https://traffic.swim.inc/
 - http://transit.swim.inc/

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